## Newborn Technology Landscape

1st Edition Technical Report, Summer 2019

Technologies for Comprehensive Newborn Care in Low-Resource Settings

## **Table of Contents**

| ABBREVIATIONS                              | 5  |
|--|----|
| EXECUTIVE SUMMARY                          | 7  |
| INTRODUCTION                               | 8  |
| METHODOLOGY                                | 8  |
| BREATHING SUPPORT                          |    |
| I. Bubble CPAP                             | 9  |
| Introduction to Bubble CPAP                |    |
| Commercially Available Products            |    |
| Products In Development                    |    |
| 2. Pulse Oximeter                          |    |
| Introduction to Pulse Oximetry             |    |
| Commercially Available Products            |    |
| Products In Development                    |    |
| 3. OXYGEN CONCENTRATOR                     |    |
| Introduction to Oxygen Concentrator        | 32 |
| 4. FLOW SPLITTER                           | 33 |
| Introduction to Flow Splitter              | 33 |
| Commercially Available Products            | 34 |
| 5. SUCTION PUMP                            | 35 |
| Introduction to Suction Pumps              |    |
| 6. Respiratory Rate Monitors               |    |
| Introduction to Respiratory Rate Monitors  |    |
| Commercially Available Products            |    |
| Products In Development                    | 39 |
| MONITOR AND TREAT JAUNDICE                 | 41 |
| 7. SERUM BILIRUBIN TEST                    | 42 |
| Introduction to Serum bilirubin Test       |    |
| Commercially Available Products            |    |
| Products In Development                    |    |
| 8. Phototherapy Light                      |    |
| Introduction to Phototherapy Light & Meter |    |
| Commercially Available Products            | 48 |
| Products In Development                    | 54 |
| TEMPERATURE STABILITY                      | 56 |
| 9. WARMING CRIB                            |    |
| Introduction to Warming Crib               |    |
| Products In Development                    | 58 |

| 10. Radiant Warmers                             | 60  |
|---|-----|
| Introduction to Radiant Warmers                 | 60  |
| Commercially Available Products                 | 61  |
| II. Temperature Monitors                        | 67  |
| Introduction to Continuous Temperature Monitors | 67  |
| Commercially Available Products                 |     |
| Products In Development                         | 70  |
| HYDRATION, NUTRITION & DRUG DELIVERY            | 72  |
| 12. Syringe Pumps                               | 72  |
| Introduction to Syringe Pumps                   |     |
| Products In Development                         |     |
| PREVENTION AND TREATMENT OF INFECTIONS          |     |
|   |     |
| 13. Sepsis Diagnostic                           |     |
| Introduction to Sepsis Diagnostics              | 75  |
| POINT-OF-CARE DIAGNOSTICS                       | 76  |
| I4. HEMOGLOBIN TEST                             | 76  |
| Introduction to Hemoglobin Test                 |     |
| Commercially Available Products                 |     |
| Products In Development                         |     |
| 15. GLUCOSE TEST                                |     |
| Introduction to Glucose Test                    | 81  |
| OTHER PRODUCTS                                  | 82  |
| Commercially Available Products                 | 82  |
| Products In Development                         |     |
| PARTICIPANTS                                    | 104 |
| REFERENCES                                      | 105 |

The mention of specific companies or of certain manufacturers' products does not imply that they are endorsed or recommended by the Newborn Essential Solutions & Technology (NEST360°) program in preference to others of a similar nature that are not mentioned. All reasonable precautions have been taken by the Newborn Essential Solutions & Technology (NEST360°) program to verify the information contained in this publication. However, the published material is being distributed without warranty of any kind either expressed or implied. The responsibility and use of the material lie with the reader. In no event shall Newborn Essential Solutions & Technology (NEST360°) be liable for damages arising from its use.

The report was prepared by Rebecca Kirby and Kara Palamountain from Northwestern University. We are also grateful for the contributions of subject matter experts in the medical space, including Professor Elizabeth Molyneux, Dr. Josephine Langton and Dr. Jennifer Werdenberg. All reasonable precautions have been taken by the author to verify the information contained in this publication. However, the published material is being distributed without warranty of any kind, either expressed or implied. The responsibility for the interpretation and use of the material lies with the reader. In no event shall the authors be liable for damages arising from its use.

## **ABBREVIATIONS**

°C Degrees Celsius

bCPAP Bubble continuous positive airway pressure bpm Beats per minute / Breaths per minute

CE Mark Conformité Européenne – certification mark

cm Centimeters

cm<sup>2</sup> Centimeter squared CRP C-reactive protein

CPAP Continuous positive airway pressure
DHS Demographic and health survey
FDA Food and Drug Administration
HIS Health information system

Hz Hertz

IMR Infant mortality rate

ISO International Standards Organization

IV Intravenous

KMC Kangaroo Mother Care

kg Kilogram

LPM Liters per minute
LRS Low resource settings
MCH Maternal and child health
MDG Millennium Development Goal

Mg/dL Milligrams per deciliter mL/hr Milliliters per hour mmol/L Millimoles per liter MMR Maternal mortality rate

MNCH Maternal, newborn, and child health

MNH Maternal and neonatal health

nm Nanometer

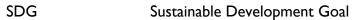
NMR Neonatal mortality rate

PCT Procalcitonin

PEEP Positive end-expiratory pressure

PR Pulse rate

RDS Respiratory distress syndrome ROP Retinopathy of prematurity SpO2 Peripheral saturation of oxygen



TFR Total fertility rate
U5MR Under-5 mortality rate

UNFPA United Nations Population Fund

USAID U.S. Agency for International Development

uW Micro Watts

W Watt

WHO World Health Organization

## **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

Globally, 2.5 million children die in the first month of life and more than half of these deaths are due to conditions that could be prevented or treated with access to simple, affordable interventions<sup>i</sup>.

The first 28 days of life – the neonatal period – represent the most vulnerable time for a child's survival. While globally more children than ever before are being born in facilities and there are well described, low cost, evidence based practices to address neonatal mortality, three quarters of neonatal deaths (nearly 2 million) happen in the first week of life when a child is still at or near a health facility. Health interventions needed to provide comprehensive neonatal care at facilities and address the major causes of neonatal death, are known and can be cost-effective, however, may be different from other interventions needed to address broader under-5 deaths.

For the first time ever in 2016, the world pledged to end preventable newborn deaths by 2030 (Sustainable Development Goal 3.2)<sup>iv</sup>. On current trends, more than 60 countries will miss the SDG target of reducing neonatal mortality to at or below 12 deaths per 1,000 live births by 2030. About half will still not reach the target by 2050. These countries carry about 80 per cent of the burden of neonatal deaths in 2016<sup>v</sup>. Focused efforts to strengthen the ability of health systems to deliver neonatal care are still needed in Sub-Saharan Africa and South East Asia so as to prevent 80 per cent of these deaths<sup>vi</sup>.

To address neonatal mortality, the World Health Organization (WHO) is working with Ministries of Health and partners to expand quality services for sick and small newborns in the first week of life\*\*. Critical to the sustainable implementation of quality facility-based services will be equipping not only people, but facilities with neonatal equipment that is high quality, affordable, robust and appropriate for comprehensive care delivery in low resource settings.

The Newborn Technology Landscaping document is a publicly available document hosted as an online compendium that serves as a resource for the global community. The document is intended to be updated every six months to ensure that the newest technologies available for newborn care in low-resource settings are included.

## INTRODUCTION

Globally, the largest contributors to neonatal mortality are preterm birth, intrapartum complications, and infection. Many deaths attributable to these causes are preventable through six categories of care:

- I. Breathing Support
- 2. Monitor & Treat Jaundice
- 3. Temperature Stability
- 4. Hydration, Nutrition & Drug Delivery
- 5. Prevention & Treatment of Infections
- 6. Point-of-Care Diagnostics

Most neonatal healthcare technologies that support these pathways of care are designed for high-resource settings and are either unavailable or unsuitable for use in low-resource settings. As a result, providers in low-resource settings lack the tools needed to deliver quality, comprehensive, newborn care.

There is an urgent need for neonatal healthcare technologies that are affordable, rugged, effective, simple to use and maintain, and able to operate from various power supplies.

## **METHODOLOGY**

The Newborn Technology Landscape (2019) was developed by Newborn Essential Solutions and Technologies (NEST360°). The material in this landscape report was gathered from primary sources (e.g., surveys and interviews with technology developers) and all information was directly provided and confirmed by the organizations who submitted responses.

The technologies described in this landscape report were derived by continued outreach to known manufacturers and leading technology developers working within the newborn care space, ranging from established multinational medical device companies to startups and academic groups. Information was provided through questionnaires addressing their technology, intended market, pricing and national or regional regulatory approvals and manufacturing standards. Only photographs received from manufacturers and developers were included in this report.

## BREATHING SUPPORT

At birth, a baby's lungs must transition from fetal to neonatal life in three key ways:

- 1) fluid in the lungs must be absorbed and replaced with air,
- 2) lungs must expand fully and regular breathing must be extablished, and
- 3) pulmonary blood flow is increased.

When these three things do not happen, a baby will have respiratory distress. Respiratory distress syndrome (RDS) is when there is deficiency of surfactant that is needed to prevent alveolar collapse, and this is especially common in premature newborns.

Oxygen provision is important in the care of newborn infants because many conditions that affect babies in the first days of life can result in low levels of oxygen in the body. Hypoxemia, or low levels of oxygen in the blood, is a life-threatening condition that results in increased mortality and morbidity. Prematurity and respiratory distress syndrome (surfactant deficiency), pneumonia and other severe infections, asphyxia and difficulties in the transition from fetal to neonatal life can all result in hypoxemia. Yet, despite its importance in acute severe illnesses, hypoxemia is often not well recognized or managed in settings where resources are limited. It is therefore important for health workers to know the clinical signs that suggest the presence of hypoxemia and how supplemental oxygen can appropriately be used as an essential lifesaving treatment<sup>viii</sup>.

Outlined below are technologies that provide breathing and oxygen support in neonates.

#### I. BUBBLE CPAP

#### INTRODUCTION TO BUBBLE CPAP

In high-resource settings, a mother is given steroids before birth if a baby is anticipated to be born pre-term to help prevent respiratory distress syndrome (RDS). If RDS still occurs, assisted breathing with continuous positive airway pressure (CPAP) is started. If CPAP is not sufficient, intubation, surfactant and/or ventilation may be needed.

In low-resource settings, many facilities lack the resources to implement CPAP. While many companies make newborn CPAP devices, only a few key players design their devices to work in low-resource settings.

Bubble Continuous Positive Airway Pressure (bCPAP) therapy is a common mode of treatment for RDS in premature neonates and for respiratory illness in young children. bCPAP provides a continuous flow of pressurized air into the patient's nostrils via nasal prongs or a mask; this pressure prevents alveolar collapse during exhalation. In high income settings, early bCPAP is now preferred over mechanical ventilation as first line therapy for respiratory distress syndrome in preterm infants. bCPAP has been shown to promote production of endogenous surfactantix as well as dramatically decrease progression to intubation or death in both high\* xi xii and low\*\*iii xii income settings.

In low-resource settings, there is a need for bCPAP that is designed for patients who weigh between I and I0 kg and that includes an oxygen blender that allows users to provide 21-90% oxygen to the patient when an external oxygen source is connected to the bCPAP. The bCPAP should ideally contain an integrated air-compressor, blender, and patient interface. Although there are short cuts for delivering positive airway pressure to a baby without an appropriate device, these generally rely on pure oxygen sources from oxygen cylinders or concentrators. The ability of a CPAP device to deliver positive pressure at low fractional inspired oxygen concentrations (FiO2) is a critical feature for preventing blindness and chronic lung disease associated with oxygen administration\*\* Humidification, while a feature of some CPAP devices, remains a controversial feature of CPAP in low resource settings, especially for CPAP devices utilizing compressed ambient air rather than gas cylinder sources.

There are some bCPAP technologies included in this document that are commercially available however, there is variability in patient interface, presence of humidification and integration of the air compressor into the CPAP unit. For some, an air compressor is not included with the device and would need to be purchased separately. Procurement officers should consider current evidence, target level of care, provision, and context when choosing between available bCPAP devices.

#### COMMERCIALLY AVAILABLE PRODUCTS

# **Dolphin CPAP - Medical Technology Transfer and Services Co., Ltd**

Intended Use: The Dolphin CPAP device is designed to provide respiratory support for spontaneously breathing neonatal patients with mild to severe idiopathic respiratory distress syndrome (RDS), mild to severe apnea, atelectasis, hyaline membrane disease (HMD), meconium aspiration syndrome (MAS), transient tachypnea of the neonate (TTN) or lung edema. A pulse oximeter provides continuous, noninvasive monitoring of pulse rate and arterial oxygen saturation. The device is indicated for well- or poorly- perfused patients in a hospital setting. The device is not indicated for patients whose upper airways have been bypassed. The device is to be operated by qualified personnel only.



Key Features: Dolphin CPAP is 100% reusable and cleanable, complete all-in-one CPAP treatment and monitoring device. Integrated design includes gas mixing, humidification, PEEP chamber, air compressor and pulse-oximiter in one compact unit 1. PEEP/CPAP Innovative design for safe and easy one hand adjustment Easily visible at front of unit 2. Gas Mixing Electronic mixing for easy, independent adjustment of flow rate and FiO2 Directly set FiO2, no calculations or tables Internal regulator allows safe connection to a variety of oxygen sources 3. Humidifier Automatically refills for 3-days continuous operation Small heated volume for quick warm up Heater power is automatically adjusted to maintain correct humidity and minimize rain-out 4. Patient Circuit Completely reusable Most parts autoclavable Can be chemically disinfected if autoclave is not available Includes internal heater wire and temperature sensors Robust but flexible silicone tubes 5. Pulse Oximeter Pulse-oximetry integrated into the device Masimo SET® technology for accurate, reliable, robust measurements Simple user interface and alarm settings No multi-level menus or complicated button sequences 6. Air Compressor - Integrated air compressor means there is no need for an external air source Completely integrated, no messy external wires or tubes Diaphragm type for clean, long lasting air supply

| Dolphin CPAP       |                        |
|--------------------|------------------------|
| Type of technology | Bubble CPAP            |
| Status             | Commercially Available |

| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards | CE Mark, ISO 13485, CFS  |
|---|--|
| Manufacturer of Record                              | MTTS Co., Ltd  |
| Integrated air compressor (Yes/No)                  | Yes  |
| Total flow capability (lpm)                         | 10   |
| Pressure range (cm H20)                             | 10   |
| Total (blended) flow (lpm)                          | 10   |
| Include humidification (Yes/No)                     | Yes, heated  |
| Alarms included in device                           | Power failure, Heater wire / temp. sensor failure, Input O2 pressure too low / too high, Input air pressure too low, Flow rate too low / too high, Humidifier failure, Pressure too high (>14 cmH2O)  Nasal cannulas |
| Consumables required                                | None Nasai cannulas  |
| Accessories required                                |  |
| Voltage requirements                                | 100-240V AC  |
| User instructions provided                          | User Manual, Quick Reference Guide, Reprocessing Guide, Assembly video   |
| Warranty  | I year   |
| Ex-works price of device                            | 3,300 USD  |
| Ex-works price of consumables                       | 2.50 USD   |

Contact Information: MTTS Co., Ltd



+84 24 3766 6521

www.mtts-asia.com

## Baby CPAP 20 - Diamedica (UK) Ltd

**Intended Use:** A simple to use, low cost, life-saving respiratory solution for preterm babies, neonates and infants. Baby CPAP provides safe controllable bubble CPAP for resource-limited settings where the cost of conventional CPAP is prohibitive.



**Key Features:** The Baby CPAP has been designed to enable CPAP therapy in low-resource settings. It is a completely self-contained unit that supplies up to 95% oxygen and medical air, so there is no need for any costly cylinders of compressed gas. A humidifier ensures appropriate warmth and moisture for the air and oxygen mix to be delivered to the patient. A clear oxygen/air mixing chart allows for easy setting of flow rates and oxygen concentration levels. A voltage protector is fitted to protect the machine from unstable power surges, that can damage equipment. Mounted on castors for easy transport between patients. Precision design for simplicity of use, low maintenance and easy servicing. Designed and engineered and manufactured in the UK, robust and built to last. The Baby CPAP comes complete with all accessories needed and includes:

- I Diamedica Baby CPAP unit.
- I Bubble pressure bottle.
- I Humidifier bottle.
- 2 sets of inspiratory/expiratory tubes with connectors.
- 2 Nasal cannula kits: 2 nasal tubing, 4 silicone nasal prongs, 2 baby bonnets, 2 Velcro fixing strap and chin strap.

User/ maintenance manual; spare parts list and training video.

| Baby CPAP 20  |                                       |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| Type of technology                                  | Bubble CPAP                           |
| Status  | Commercially Available                |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards | CE Mark                               |
| Manufacturer of Record                              | Diamedica (UK) Ltd                    |
| Integrated air compressor (Yes/No)                  | Yes                                   |
| Total flow capability (lpm)                         | 20 lpm (10 lpm oxygen and 10 lpm air) |

| Pressure range (cm H20)         | I - 10 cm H2O   |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Total (blended) flow (lpm)      | 20 lpm (10 lpm oxygen and 10 lpm air)   |
| Include humidification (Yes/No) | Yes, heated   |
| Alarms included in device       | Power failure, low oxygen concentration, high and low pressure, no flow.                    |
| Consumables required            | None. Comes complete.   |
| Accessories required            | None. Comes complete with all accessories.  Additional parts can be purchased, as required. |
| Voltage requirements            | 240 V 50 hz   |
| User instructions provided      | Comes with operating and maintenance manual, and training video                             |
| Warranty                        | 2 years   |
| Ex-works price of device        | GB £1,750   |
| Ex-works price of consumables   | Silicone nasal prong £8   |

Contact Information: Diamedica (UK) Ltd

support@diamedica.co.uk

+44 1598 710066

www.diamedica.co.uk

Baby CPAP 10 - Diamedica (UK) Ltd

**Intended Use:** A simple to use, life-saving CPAP device for preterm babies, neonates and infants. Baby CPAP provides safe controllable bubble CPAP for resource-limited settings where the cost of conventional CPAP is prohibitive.



**Key Features:** The Baby CPAP has been designed to enable CPAP therapy in low-resource settings. It is a completely self-contained unit that supplies up to 95% oxygen and medical air, so there is no need for any costly cylinders of compressed gas. A humidifier ensures appropriate warmth and moisture for the air and oxygen mix to be delivered to the patient. A clear oxygen/air mixing chart allows for easy setting of flow rates and oxygen concentration levels. A voltage protector is fitted to protect the machine from unstable power surges, that can damage equipment. Mounted on castors for easy transport between patients. Precision design for simplicity of use, low maintenance and easy servicing. Designed and engineered and manufactured in the UK, robust and built to last. The Baby CPAP comes complete with all accessories needed and includes:

- I Diamedica Baby CPAP unit.
- I Bubble pressure bottle.
- I Humidifier bottle.
- 2 sets of inspiratory/expiratory tubes with connectors.
- 2 Nasal cannula kits:
- 2 nasal tubing, 4 silicone nasal prongs, 2 baby bonnets, 2 Velcro fixing strap and chin strap. User/ maintenance manual; spare parts list and training video.

| Baby CPAP 10  |                                     |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| Type of technology                                  | Bubble CPAP                         |
| Status  | Commercially Available              |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards | CE Mark                             |
| Manufacturer of Record                              | Diamedica (UK) Ltd                  |
| Integrated air compressor (Yes/No)                  | Yes                                 |
| Total flow capability (lpm)                         | 10 lpm (5 lpm oxygen and 5 lpm air) |
| Pressure range (cm H20)                             | I - I0 H2O                          |
| Total (blended) flow (lpm)                          | 10 lpm (5 lpm oxygen and 5 lpm air) |

| Include humidification (Yes/No) | Yes, heated   |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Alarms included in device       | Power failure, low oxygen concentration, high and low pressure, no flow                     |
| Consumables required            | None  |
| Accessories required            | None. Comes complete with all accessories.  Additional parts can be purchased, as required. |
| Voltage requirements            | 230 V 50 Hz   |
| User instructions provided      | Comes with operating and maintenance manual, and training video                             |
| Warranty                        | 2 years   |
| Ex-works price of device        | GB £1,450   |
| Ex-works price of consumables   | Silicone nasal cannual £8   |

Contact Information: Diamedica (UK) Ltd

info@diamedica.co.uk Support@diamedica.co.uk

+44 1598 710066 www.diamedica.co.uk Pumani bubbleCPAP - 3rd Stone Design

**Intended Use:** The Pumani bubbleCPAP is intended for use in treating respiratory distress and other forms of respiratory illness in infants up to one year of age/below 10 kg.



**Key Features:** Bubble continuous positive airway pressure (bCPAP) is a safe, effective intervention for infants with respiratory distress and is widely used in developed countries. The Pumani bCPAP is a low-cost, easy-to-use, easy-to-repair device to treat infants in respiratory distress, and it has been designed specifically to operate in low-resource settings. Clinical results show that use of the Pumani bCPAP can significantly reduce neonatal mortality in low-resource settings.

| Pumani bubbleCPAP                                   |                                   |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| Type of technology                                  | Bubble CPAP                       |
| Status  | Commercially Available            |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards | CE Mark, ISO 13485                |
| Manufacturer of Record                              | Hadleigh Health Technologies      |
| Integrated air compressor (Yes/No)                  | Yes                               |
| Total flow capability (lpm)                         | 0-10 L/min                        |
| Pressure range (cm H20)                             | 0-10cm H20                        |
| Total (blended) flow (lpm)                          | 0-10 L/min                        |
| Include humidification (Yes/No)                     | No                                |
| Alarms included in device                           | Power failure.                    |
| Consumables required                                | Yes.                              |
| Accessories required                                | Patient circuit and nasal prongs. |
| Voltage requirements                                | 220-240V                          |

| User instructions provided    | Printed user manual and access to online video support and training library. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Warranty                      | 2 years standard warranty.   |
| Ex-works price of device      | 900 USD  |
| Ex-works price of consumables | Varies.  |

Contact Information: Hadleigh Health Technologies

info@pumani.com

I 6282367338 www.pumani.com

### **Seattle PAP - Draeger**

Intended Use: The Seattle PAP system is intended to provide nasal continuous positive airway pressure (nCPAP) to patients weighing up to 10 kg (22 lbs) who qualify for non-invasive respiratory support.



**Key Features:** The Seattle-Positive Airway Pressure (PAP) system is an innovation, which uses the proven advantages of Bubble CPAP therapy, such as oscillatory effects similar to high frequency ventilation combined with an unique design. Seattle-PAP is safe, effective and easy to use. It was designed to:

- Promote infant safety with a uniquely designed pressure manifold with pressure relief valve.
- Safety tube lock to avoid unintended changes of the PEEP level.
- The water trap in the expiratory limb prevents unwanted pressure peaks due to condensation.

| Seattle PAP   |  |
|---|--|
| Type of technology                                  | Bubble CPAP  |
| Status  | Commercially Available   |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards | CE Mark, US FDA Clearance, ISO 13485                               |
| Manufacturer of Record                              | Draeger  |
| Integrated air compressor (Yes/No)                  | No   |
| Total flow capability (lpm)                         | 4-12 l/min   |
| Pressure range (cm H20)                             | 4,5 cm H2O - 10 cm H2O   |
| Total (blended) flow (lpm)                          | 4-12 l/min   |
| Include humidification (Yes/No)                     | System requires a humidifier (e.g. F&P MR 850)                     |
| Alarms included in device                           | Pressure relief valve at 17 cm H2O /8I/min Flow, Humidifier alarms |
| Consumables required                                | Set of consumables   |
| Accessories required                                |  |
| Voltage requirements                                | Depending on the local needs                                       |

| User instructions provided    | Instruction for Use in 28 languages |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Warranty                      |                                     |
| Ex-works price of device      |                                     |
| Ex-works price of consumables | 34 US \$ + VAT (LMIC)               |

Contact Information: Draeger

HCA@draeger.com

+49 451 8820

www.draeger.com

**NCPAP 300 - Phoenix Medical Systems Pvt Ltd** 

Intended Use: NCPAP 300 is a simple continuous positive airway pressure (CPAP) system designed to provide support to fragile infants suffering from RDS. NCPAP 300 prevents airway closure and maintains the functional residual capacity.



**Key Features:** I. Flow, bubble and Hi-flow Versatile—can be configured for both flow, bubble and hi-flow operation according to your preference 2. Safety Alarms Continuous digital monitoring of oxygen concentration, pressure and apnea with an alert system if parameters exceed or drop below set limit. The alarm system assures a safe administration of CPAP while protecting the lungs of the infant from damage 3. Compact Electronic Blender Accurate delivery of gases with precise control of the proportion of air and oxygen which will highly improve the safety and efficacy of therapy. 4. Battery back up of 3 Hours 5. Display Unit Values of respiratory parameters are displayed in large, bright characters for easy reading 6. Digital Control FiO2 and flow are easily adjustable in accurate concentration through soft touch keys 7. Lightweight patient interface Intricately designed to eliminate damage to the nasal septum and delicate nostrils of the infant Patient interface can be customized to country specific demands.

| NCPAP 300   |  |
|---|--|
| Type of technology                                  | Bubble CPAP  |
| Status  | Commercially Available   |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards | CE Mark  |
| Manufacturer of Record                              | Phoenix Medical Systems Pvt Ltd  |
| Integrated air compressor (Yes/No)                  | No   |
| Total flow capability (lpm)                         | 0-15 LPM   |
| Pressure range (cm H20)                             | 0 TO 20 cm H20   |
| Total (blended) flow (lpm)                          | 0-15 LPM   |
| Include humidification (Yes/No)                     | No   |
| Alarms included in device                           | Air, oxygen input fail, apnea, air pressure, power failure, battery low, |

| Consumables required          | Patient circuit, generators, nasal prongs and head bonnets |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Accessories required          |  |
| Voltage requirements          | 110/230V AC  |
| User instructions provided    |  |
| Warranty                      | l year   |
| Ex-works price of device      | 3300\$   |
| Ex-works price of consumables | 140\$  |

Contact Information: Phoenix Medical Systems Pvt Ltd

exports@pmsind.com

+27 71 528 9873

https://www.phoenixmedicalsystems.com/

#### PRODUCTS IN DEVELOPMENT

Portable Transport CPAP - Diamedica (UK) Ltd

Intended Use: Intended for use on babies and infants in a wide range of locations and scenarios, such as: - In the delivery room - During transport within or between hospitals - When the number of patients in need of CPAP temporarily exceeds the number of larger machines available - During power outages Internal battery provides 8 hour battery run time



**Key Features:** A portable CPAP device for preterm, neonate and paediatric patients in need of pressure support therapy immediately following birth or whilst being transported, internally in the hospital or externally. Safe and flexible device, easy for staff to understand and use, with preset pressures and flows, depending on cannula size. A single device can be used on two patients simultaneously. The main dangers of CPAP stem from oxygen toxicity (ROP) and pneumothorax. The Diamedica portable CPAP has been designed to eliminate, as much as possible, these two conditions.

Safety Considerations:

Oxygen toxicity - Max FiO2 of 38%.

Pneumothorax - Max pressure of <10 cm H2O.

CO2 retention - High pump flow through Y-piece.

Septal trauma - Designed for <80% nares occlusion.

Human error - Single pressure and flow setting

| Portable Transport CPAP                             |  |
|---|--|
| Type of technology                                  | Portable CPAP  |
| Status  | Not Yet Commercially Available / In Development                                    |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards | Trials and CE certification underway. Commercially available within 3 to 6 months. |
| Manufacturer of Record                              | Diamedica (UK) Ltd   |
| Integrated air compressor (Yes/No)                  | Yes  |
| Total flow capability (lpm)                         | Baby 8 lpm Child 20 lpm  |
| Pressure range (cm H20)                             | 5 - 10 cm H20  |
| Total (blended) flow (lpm)                          | Baby 8 lpm Child 20 lpm  |

| Include humidification (Yes/No) | Yes, unheated   |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Alarms included in device       | Battery capacity indicator  |
| Consumables required            | RAM cannula only  |
| Accessories required            | Supplied with all accessories required.                                 |
| Voltage requirements            | 12V internal chargeable battery. 8 hours.<br>Recharge voltage 12 - 240V |
| User instructions provided      | Users manual and video to be provided                                   |
| Warranty                        | tbc   |
| Ex-works price of device        | Target £800   |
| Ex-works price of consumables   | tbc   |

Contact Information: Diamedica (UK) Ltd

support@diamedica.co.uk

+44 1598 710066

www.diamedica.co.uk

## Vayu Bubble CPAP Circuit - Vayu Global Health Innovations

Intended Use: The Vayu bCPAP circuit is intended to provide continuous positive airway pressure in the hospital and pre-hospital environment to spontaneously breathing neonates and infants, up to 10 kg in weight, that require respiratory support due to conditions associated with prematurity, such as Respiratory Distress Syndrome, or other conditions where the physician desires and prescribes CPAP.



**Key Features:** The Vayu bCPAP circuit provides newborns with affordable and high quality repiratory support. Unlike existing CPAP systems, the Vayu bCPAP circuit does not require electricity or compressed air, only oxygen from a tank or central supply. An innovative ambient air/oxygen blender allows the user to adjust  $FiO_2$  from 30 to 100%. Flows, pressures, and work of breathing are also comparable to the state of the art CPAP system at < 1% the cost.

| Vayu Bubble CPAP Circuit                            |   |
|---|---|
| Type of technology                                  | Respiratory support system                      |
| Status  | Not Yet Commercially Available / In Development |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards | Applying for FDA approval                       |
| Manufacturer of Record                              |   |
| Integrated air compressor (Yes/No)                  | No  |
| Total flow capability (lpm)                         |   |
| Pressure range (cm H20)                             | 4-10 cmH <sub>2</sub> O                         |
| Total (blended) flow (lpm)                          | 4-12 LPM  |

| Include humidification (Yes/No) | Yes                         |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Alarms included in device       | No                          |
| Consumables required            | All components are reusable |
| Accessories required            | None                        |
| Voltage requirements            | N/A                         |
| User instructions provided      | Yes                         |
| Warranty                        | No                          |
| Ex-works price of device        | Estimated \$100             |
| Ex-works price of consumables   | N/A                         |

Contact Information: Vayu Global Health Innovations

info@vayughi.com www.vayughi.com

#### 2. PULSE OXIMETER

#### INTRODUCTION TO PULSE OXIMETRY

Pulse oximeters use a non-invasive sensor to measure pulse rate (PR) and blood oxygenation levels (SpO2) (i.e., percentage of oxygenated hemoglobin in arterial blood). While pulse oximeters do report pulse rate, their primary purpose and utility is to detect SpO2 in infants. According to the World Health Organization, pulse oximetry is the most accurate noninvasive method for detecting hypoxemia. It is used to measure the percentage of oxygenated hemoglobin in arterial blood (SpO2). The pulse oximeter consists of a computerized unit and a sensor probe which is attached to the patient's finger, toe, or earlobe. The oximeter displays the SpO2 with an audible signal for each pulse beat, a pulse rate and, in many models, a graphical display of the blood flow past the probe (the plethysmographic or pulse wave). The technology is robust and cost effective. Pulse oximeters can be used to both detect and monitor hypoxemia, make more efficient use of oxygen supplies, and improve patient monitoring\*\*vii.

Low SpO2 levels can indicate that an infant is in respiratory distress and monitoring SpO2 is important in the neonatal period as it can indicate the need for immediate, critical care interventions. Additionally, SpO2 monitoring is critical for infants receiving oxygen therapy or continuous positive airway pressure (CPAP) therapy. Low SpO2 levels during oxygen or CPAP therapy can indicate that escalation or additional care is required. On the other hand, if SpO2 remains too high (>95%) for too long (often a side effect of pure oxygen therapy), newborns can suffer from preventable disability including retinopathy of prematurity (ROP), a condition that can cause permanent blindness, and chronic lung disease\*\*viii xix\*. One other consideration when using a pulse oximeter is that the reading may not be as accurate in specific situations (e.g., when a neonate's peripheries are cold, when the neonate is anemic, etc.).

#### COMMERCIALLY AVAILABLE PRODUCTS

### **Rad-8 - Masimo Corporation**

**Intended Use:** Varies by use case. Masimo develops a range of hand held and desktop pulse oximetry devices.

For more information, visit <a href="http://www.masimo.com">http://www.masimo.com</a>.

The information in this document is provided for basic informational purposes only, and is not intended to constitute a comprehensive overview of Masimo products and technology. While every effort has been made to provide current and accurate information about these products and technologies, Masimo makes no guarantees of any kind about the currency or accuracy of this information. Moreover, federal (USA) law restricts these devices to sale by or on the order of a physician. In using any of these devices, please see instructions for use for full prescribing information, including indications, contraindications, warnings, and precautions.



Key Features: Rad-8: http://www.masimo.com/products/continuous/rad8/

| Rad-8   |  |
|---|--|
| Type of technology                                  | Pulse Oximeter   |
| Status  | Commercially Available   |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards | CE Mark, US FDA Clearance  |
| Manufacturer of Record                              | Masimo Corporation   |
| Pulse rate accuracy (beats per minute)              | no motion +/- 3 BPM, motion +/-5 BPM, low perfusion +/- 3 BPM        |
| Pulse rate resolution (beats per minute)            | I BPM  |
| SpO2 range  | 1-100%   |
| SpO2 accuracy                                       | no motion neonates 3%; motion neonates 3%; low perfusion neonates 3% |
| Alarms included in device                           | Visual, Auditory   |
| How alarms are set                                  | See section 5 of user operator manual                                |

| SpO2 alarm limits                               | See section 5 of user operator manual  |
|---|--|
| Usage data logging and downloading capabilities | The Rad-8 can store up to 72 hours of trend data captured at 2 second intervals. The trend data can then be transferred to a PC for evaluation |
| Continuous measurement provided? (Yes/No)       | Yes  |
| How cleaned or decontaminated                   | See section 8.5 of user operator manual  |
| Patient interface, specific to neonates         | LED display of HR, SpO2 etc. No pleth wave form  |
| Size and Form Factor                            | 2 lbs 8.2" × 6.0" × 3.0"   |
| Consumables required                            | Resuable and disposable sensor configurations are available  |
| User instructions provided                      | Masimo can produce customized training material  |
| Training Required                               | Basic training on device and sensor placement  |
| Warranty  | Various options are available  |
| Ex-works price of device                        | Pricing varies by volume   |
| Ex-works price of consumables                   | Pricing varies by volume   |

Contact Information: Masimo



+41 79 267 7963

www.masimo.com

These products are for professional use only. Federal (USA) law restricts these devices to sale by or on the order of a physician. In using any of these devices, please see instructions for use for full prescribing information, including indications, contraindications, warnings, and precautions.

#### PRODUCTS IN DEVELOPMENT

## uPM60 - UTECH CO.,LTD.

**Intended Use:** To measure children's SpO2, PR, Respiration rate during pneumonia



**Key Features:** uPM60 handheld pulse oximeter is a smart and portable device, providing a fast and reliable measurement of SpO2, PR, Respiration rate, suitable for adult, pediatric and neonate, mainly used in hospitals and clinics.

| uPM60   |  |
|---|--|
| Type of technology                                  | Pulse Oximeter   |
| Status  | Not Yet Commercially Available / In Development  |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards |  |
| Manufacturer of Record                              |  |
| Pulse rate accuracy (beats per minute)              | '+/2 at 30-250 BPM   |
| Pulse rate resolution (beats per minute)            | Ibpm   |
| SpO2 range  | 0-100%   |
| SpO2 accuracy                                       | '+/2%  |
| Alarms included in device                           | Visual, Auditory   |
| How alarms are set                                  | Alarm limits for pulse rate: 80(low), 120(high)  |
| SpO2 alarm limits                                   | Alarm limits for SpO2: 92(low), 99(high)   |
| Usage data logging and downloading capabilities     | There is optional oximetry data management software on uPM60, patient's data can be transferred to PC for analysis, review and printing. |
| Continuous measurement provided? (Yes/No)           | Yes  |
| How cleaned or decontaminated                       | Clean the pulse oximeter with a soft cloth moistened in water or a mild soap solution. To  |

|   | disinfect the pulse oximeter, wipe the sensor with isopropyl alcohol.  |
|---|--|
| Patient interface, specific to neonates | ID, Sex, Type and mode. Alarm limits of neonate on pulse rate is bigger than adult.  |
| Size and Form Factor                    | Handheld pulse oximeter, 3.5 inch LCD screen   |
| Consumables required                    | None   |
| User instructions provided              | The Operation Manual provides installation, operation, and maintenance instructions for healthcare professionals and other users, trained in monitoring respiratory and cardiovascular activity. |
| Training Required                       | Training on using and after-sales service.   |
| Warranty                                | I year   |
| Ex-works price of device                | Estimated price is 260USD per unit   |
| Ex-works price of consumables           | The price of SpO2 sensor is USD25 per unit.  |

Contact Information: UTECH CO.,LTD

lily@chinautech.com.cn

86082595

www.chinautech.com

#### 3. OXYGEN CONCENTRATOR

#### INTRODUCTION TO OXYGEN CONCENTRATOR

For newborns with breathing difficulties and/or infections, oxygen is vital to survival. Yet, access to oxygen can be scarce in low-resource settings. To meet this need, an oxygen concentrator is a device able to concentrate oxygen from the air for use with a multitude of devices. While use of concentrators is helpful, facilities should always have a power-independent oxygen source, such as a cylinder, available for back up.

Oxygen concentrators typically allow for oxygen administration between 85-100% FiO2, flows between 2-10 LPM divided between two outlets. The percent oxygen a patient will receive depends on each mode of delivery (i.e., nasal prongs, nasal catheter, facemask, etc.). Passive humidification is sometimes available but recommended against by the World Health Organization\*\*. A flow splitter allows the output of a concentrator to be split between multiple patients while independently monitoring and adjusting the flow rate to each. It is important to consider that high flow oxygen concentrators should be paired with an appropriate flow splitter for the safety of the neonate.

We have currently not received any submissions for Oxygen Concentrators. If you are a manufacturer or product developer and wish to include your technology in future versions of this manual, please contact Becca Kirby at <a href="mailto:becca.kirby@kellogg.northwestern.edu">becca.kirby@kellogg.northwestern.edu</a>.

#### 4. FLOW SPLITTER

#### INTRODUCTION TO FLOW SPLITTER

A flow splitter allows the output of a concentrator or other oxygen source to be split between multiple patients while independently monitoring and adjusting each flow rate. Each of the outputs should measure from 0-2 liters per minute (LPM or L/min) and should have the same FiO2 as the source gas it is attached to. Please see below for further considerations.

When using an oxygen concentrator or oxygen with neonates, low flow is critical in order to avoid preventable disability including retinopathy of prematurity (ROP) and chronic lung disease. A significant number of preventable childhood blindness due to ROP in low and middle income countries (LMIC) has been documented<sup>xxi</sup> xxii. Importantly, this is observed in children at higher birthweights and gestational ages than children in high-income settings, suggesting an association with rapid expansion of neonatal care, perhaps without adequate attention to the quality of care or harms of oxygen administration. Neonatal units seeking to provide comprehensive care should consider the procurement of splitters and flow meters with precision adjustment at a minimum of 0.1 - 0.125 L/min. As health facilities advance, introduction of microcalibrated flow meters with precision finer than 0.1 L/min or oxygen blenders should be considered<sup>xxiii</sup>.

#### **COMMERCIALLY AVAILABLE PRODUCTS**

Diamedica Flow Splitter - Diamedica (UK) Ltd

**Intended Use:** Intended for use in clinics and hospitals to manage and redirect the flow from a single oxygen source to one or more patients.



**Key Features:** Diamedica flow splitters allow clinics and hospitals to manage and redirect the flow of oxygen from a single source to multiple patients. A simple flow splitter can enable delivery to as many as eight patients. Each flow meter is adjusted separately to ensure precise control. Flowmeters work by adjusting the flow controller. Diamedica can be make flow splitters to your bespoke requirements

| Diamedica Flow Splitter  |   |
|--|---|
| Type of technology   | Flow Splitter   |
| Status   | Commercially Available  |
| Manufacturer of Record   | Diamedica (UK) Ltd  |
| How many flow meters?  | From 3 to 8, as required  |
| Flow rate range and the minimum increment per flow meter (lpm) | 0 - 10 lpm although many variations can be supplied to bespoke requirements. Minimum increment is 0.1 lpm |
| Warranty   | Flow Splitter   |
| Ex-works price of device                                       | Prices start from GB £350   |

Contact Information: Diamedica (UK) Ltd

info@diamedica.co.uk

+44 1598 710066

www.diamedica.co.uk

#### 5. SUCTION PUMP

#### INTRODUCTION TO SUCTION PUMPS

Clinicians periodically need to clear an infant's airway through the use of a suction pump. Safe ranges for neonatal suctioning depending on the size of the infant and are generally considered to be between 60-100mmHg.

We have currently not received any submissions for Suction Pumps. If you are a manufacturer or product developer and wish to include your technology in future versions of this manual, please contact Becca Kirby at <a href="mailto:becca.kirby@kellogg.northwestern.edu">becca.kirby@kellogg.northwestern.edu</a>.

#### 6. RESPIRATORY RATE MONITORS

#### INTRODUCTION TO RESPIRATORY RATE MONITORS

Respiratory rate is a critical vital sign. The causes are many but are commonly due to respiratory pathology. Increased respiratory rate (> 60bpm) in newborns can indicate respiratory distress syndrome (RDS), but as with infants and children, a high respiratory rate can also indicate pneumonia which is the primary infectious cause of childhood death worldwide.

A low respiratory rate or gaps in breathing in infants is likewise indicative of potentially severe health concerns. Apnea of prematurity is a condition in which newborns temporarily stop breathing. Many apneas resolve without intervention, but frequent apnea (often paired with bradycardia and low SpO2) can indicate an underlying condition such as sepsis, hypoglycemia, or anemia. Apnea of prematurity (AOP), a condition in which newborns temporarily stop breathing due to neurologic immaturity, affects nearly 50% of infants born earlier than 32 weeks gestational age and nearly 100% of those born at fewer than 28 weeks; and may last for several weeks<sup>xxiv</sup>. AOP can be associated with dangerous decreases in heart rate and oxygenation which, left unchecked, could lead to respiratory arrest, increased morbidity or death.

In high-resource settings, respiratory rate is monitored using impedance pneumography, which requires expensive patient monitors and delicate electronic sensors. Alternatively in high-resource settings, AOP is monitored by using low nursing ratios (1:2) in conjunction with continuous heart rate and pulse oximetry monitoring. In this setting, a nurse or caregiver would provide a manual intervention in the event of an AOP event causing a low heart rate or oxygen saturation, in order to re-establish normal breathing. In low-resource settings, a nurse, normally faced with high nurse to patient ratios, must rely on limited continuous monitoring capability of heart rate and saturation with most infants only receiving intermittent manual monitoring. Additionally, they should observe the number of breaths a child takes in one minute, a procedure that is both time-consuming and inadequate for monitoring infants at risk of AOP.

#### COMMERCIALLY AVAILABLE PRODUCTS

## Masimo Rad-G - Masimo Corporation

**Intended Use:** Spot check monitoring of oxygen saturation, respiratory rate, perfusion index, and pulse rate.

For more information, visit <a href="http://www.masimo.com">http://www.masimo.com</a>.

The information in this document is provided for basic informational purposes only, and is not intended to constitute a comprehensive overview of Masimo products and technology. While every effort has been made to provide current and accurate information about these products and technologies, Masimo makes no guarantees of any kind about the currency or accuracy of this information. Moreover, federal (USA) law restricts these devices to sale by or on the order of a physician. In using any of these devices, please see instructions for use for full prescribing information, including indications, contraindications, warnings, and precautions.



**Key Features:** Masimo partnered with the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation to develop a combined pulse oximeter that measures oxygen saturation (SpO2) and respiratory rate from the pleth (RRp). The device was designed from the ground up for rugged use in harsh environments. It has two screening modes: I) pneumonia mode - follows IMNCI and IMCI guidelines for RR and SpO2 cutoffs, and 2) general screening mode - standard user interface with SpO2 and RR continuously measured while the sensor is on the selected site.

| Masimo Rad-G  |   |
|---|---|
| Type of technology                                  | Respiratory Rate Monitors                                     |
| Status  | Commercially Available (Neonatal sensor still in development) |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards | CE Mark   |
| Manufacturer of Record                              | Masimo Corporation  |
| Respiratory rate range (bpm)                        | 4-90 RPM  |
| Accuracy (bpm)                                      | I RPM   |
| Respiratory rate resolution (bpm)                   | I RPM   |
| Alarms included in device                           |   |
| How are alarms set?                                 | There are currently no alarms on the Rad-G device             |

| Consumables required   | Rad-G comes with a universal resuable probe and a reusable neonatal sensor will be released in Q3 2019 |
|--|--|
| Describe how cleaned or decontaminated                             | See page 15 of the user operator guide   |
| Electricity requirements, including voltage, and charging features | 100-240VAC, 50/60Hz, 0.6A  |
| Describe the patient interface, specifically for neonates.         | Color touch screen with voice assisted feedback  |
| Size and form factor   | 0.59 pounds (2.9" x 7.8" x 1.0")   |
| Training Required  | basic device training and sensor site best practices   |
| User instructions provided   | Masimo has the ability to develop customized training material   |
| Warranty   | Various options are available  |
| Ex-works price of device   | Pricing varies by volume   |
| Ex-works price of consumables                                      | Pricing varies by volume   |

Contact Information: Masimo Corporation



+41 79 267 7963

www.masimo.com

These products are for professional use only. Federal (USA) law restricts these devices to sale by or on the order of a physician. In using any of these devices, please see instructions for use for full prescribing information, including indications, contraindications, warnings, and precautions.

### PRODUCTS IN DEVELOPMENT

# Rice University Respiratory Rate and Apnea Monitor - Rice 360 Institute for Global Health

Intended Use: To monitor respiratory rate in neonates with respiratory disease or distress; to monitor for apnea in neonates at risk for apnea; to intervene during apnea in neonates with apnea



**Key Features:** The Rice University respiratory rate and apnea monitor is designed to monitor respiratory rate and detect and intervene during apneic episodes in neonates. Its features include: A low-cost stretch sensor with minimal hysteresis for accurate breath detection; No single-use consumables; Algorithm to detect non-breathing periods of longer than 15 seconds; Vibration to intervene in case of apnea; Battery-power

| Rice University Respiratory Rate and Apnea Monitor  |   |
|---|---|
| Type of technology                                  | Respiratory Rate Monitors   |
| Status  | Not Yet Commercially Available / In Development                         |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards | None; CE marking anticipated  |
| Manufacturer of Record                              | Unknown   |
| Respiratory rate range (bpm)                        | 0 - I 20 bpm (anticipated)  |
| Accuracy (bpm)                                      | '+/- 5 bpm (anticipated)  |
| Respiratory rate resolution (bpm)                   | I bpm (anticipated)   |
| Alarms included in device                           | Visual,Other  |
| How are alarms set?                                 | Anticipated adjustable alarms   |
| Consumables required                                | Wearable strap with stretch sensor and vibration (est. lifetime I year) |

| Describe how cleaned or decontaminated       | The Rice University Respiratory Rate and Apnea           |
|--|--|
|  | Monitor can be wiped down with bleach or other           |
|  | common disinfectants. It should not be submerged.        |
| Electricity requirements, including voltage, | Battery powered; est. battery life 10 hours              |
| and charging features                        | (respiratory rate only)/4 hours (apnea intervention)     |
| Describe the patient interface, specifically | A reusable strap wraps around the patient's              |
| for neonates.                                | abdomen between the xyphoid and umbilicus. The           |
|  | stretch sensor detects changes in chest wall size.       |
| Size and form factor                         | Small; can clip to patient's bassinet or sit at bedside. |
| Training Required                            | Minimal (est. <1/2 day training)                         |
| User instructions provided                   | The device will come with a manual                       |
| Warranty                                     | The device will come with a 1 year warranty              |
| Ex-works price of device                     | TBD  |
| Ex-works price of consumables                | TBD  |

Contact Information: Rice 360 Institute for Global Health

rice360@rice.edu

713-3<del>4</del>8-3071

www.rice360.rice.edu

# MONITOR AND TREAT JAUNDICE

Most neonates, term and preterm, will have elevated levels of unconjugated bilirubin and some amount of jaundice during the first 1-2 weeks of life due to increased levels of unconjugated bilirubin with transient impaired excretion, which is normal in this age group. This condition is particularly prevalent in preterm babies and, if the levels of unconjugated bilirubin are very high and left untreated, may lead to irreversible neurologic damage known as kernicterus.

Phototherapy treats unconjugated hyperbilirubinemia that exceeds safe levels. These levels are based on day of life and risk factors and typically occur within the first 1-2 weeks of life.

Treatment with blue light phototherapy is necessary to prevent morbidity and mortality from dangerous levels of neonatal jaundice. The blue light is absorbed by bilirubin, which is then broken down in the blood, allowing the infant to excrete the excess bilirubin before it can accumulate and cause permanent brain damage (kernicterus) or death. Jaundice is preventable and treatable, however, kernicterus is permanent and irreversible, resulting in life long disability.

Outlined below are technologies both commercially available and in development that allow for the monitoring and treatment of jaundice.

#### 7. SERUM BILIRUBIN TEST

#### INTRODUCTION TO SERUM BILIRUBIN TEST

Severe jaundice may not be readily evident to the naked eye until already at dangerously high levels. Additionally, jaundice may not present until several days after birth when an infant has already left the hospital, thus, early monitoring of bilirubin in at-risk infants is critical in order to prevent severe jaundice which may result in permanent neurological damage, particularly in premature babies who are at greater risk of death and disability due to jaundice.

All infants should have a laboratory evaluation of serum bilirubin (with result turn around within six hours) both to diagnose jaundice and to guide treatment of infants receiving phototherapy. In low resource settings though, many facilities do not have the ability to run a blood test, and those that do face many challenges both to run the test and obtain results within a meaningful timeframe.

The ideal solution in a low resource setting would be a reliable point of care test which can test serum bilirubin both before and during phototherapy treatment. Examples of such technology commercially available and in development are outlined below. Technologies that are only reliable before but not during phototherapy have been excluded.

#### COMMERCIALLY AVAILABLE PRODUCTS

## Bilistick System - Bilimetrix s.r.l.

Intended Use: The Bilistick® System is intended to be used in hospitals, clinics, physician's offices or family counseling under a physician's supervision/direction to assist clinicians in monitoring the bilirubin levels in the blood of newborn infants. Even if it was demonstrated that the Bilistick® System provide accurate results, its use is advised for quick screening of hyperbilirubinemia. The expected users of the Bilistick® System are:



- Neonatologists Physicians/Pediatricians
- Midwives Nurses Laboratory technicians

**Key Features:** The Bilistick® System is a Point-of-Care diagnostic assay able to measure Total Serum Bilirubin (TSB) concentration on whole blood of newborn infants. It is composed by: Bilistick® Reader, a portable rechargeable battery reflectance reader; Bilistick® Test Strips, test strips with a cell-plasma separator coupled with a nitrocellulose membrane, both encased in a plastic cassette; and Bilistick® Sample Transfer Pipettes, used for loading the appropriate volume of blood on the test strip. The test with the Bilistick® System requires the collection of a small blood sample directly from a heel stick or a test tube, by using the Bilistick® Sample Transfer Pipette, and its loading on a Bilistick® Test Strip once already inserted in the reader. The Strip separates the plasma from corpuscular components of the blood and allows the determination of TSB by reflectance spectroscopy using the Bilistick® Reader. The TSB determination by the Bilistick® System does not require the use of reagents simplifying the process of measurement. Once loaded on the strip, the bilirubin concentration result is obtained within few minutes. The Bilistick® System allows the determination of bilirubin concentrations between 1 mg/dL and 40 mg/dL (17 and 684 μmol/L) with an accuracy comparable to traditional clinical laboratory methods.

| Bilistick System                                    |   |
|---|---|
| Type of technology                                  | Serum Bilirubin Test  |
| Status  | Commercially Available  |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards | CE Mark, ISO 13485  |
| Manufacturer of Record                              | Bilimetrix s.r.l.   |
| How are results presented to user?                  | Quantitative, mg/dL,Quantitative, mmol/L  |
| Accuracy  | The prediction of Bilistick to determine the need of phototherapy showed a sensitivity of 70.6% [65.0 to 75.7%], specificity of 98.5% [97.7 to 99.1%], positive |

|  | predictive value (PPV) of 92.5% [88.3 to 95.6%] and negative predictive value (NPV) of 92.8% [91.3 to 94.2%].   |
|--|---|
| Linear range (mg/dL or mmol/L)                                     | I mg/dL to 40 mg/dL -17 μmol/L to 684 μmol/L  |
| Precision  | ± 0.2 mg/dL / ± 3 μmol/L  |
| Sample type and sample volume required                             | Whole blood / 35 uL   |
| Steps required to run from sample collection to results output     | I-Insert Bilistick® Strips in the optical chamber; 2-Collect blood sample from the heel stick or a test tube using the Bilistick® Sample Transfer Pipette; 3-Load the sample into the strip well; 4-Press M key and wait for result; 5-Check bilirubin concentration on the reader screen.  |
| Time to run from sample collection to result output                | 3 minutes   |
| Calibration required   | The Bilistick reader must be calibrated once a month using the Bilistick Calibration Kit, a set of eight standard calibrating strips.   |
| Electricity requirements, including voltage, and charging features | The Bilistick Reader is powered by a lithium battery charged through a Mini B - USB port ( DC 5V $-$ 0.5A $-$ 2.5 W )   |
| Size and Form Factor   | The reader is a handheld portable device (31.3 mm H $\times$ 72.9 mm W $\times$ 140 mm D) while the test strips are contained in a small plastic cassette (3.70 mm H $\times$ 15.00 mm W $\times$ 48.65 mm D)   |
| Shelf life, stability, and storage requirements                    | Reader: - Storage Conditions: 10 °C to 40 °C low humidity, non-corrosive gas atmosphere Long-term Storage I- In case of long-term storage, store the reader at 15-25 °C, low humidity, non-corrosive gas atmosphere. Test Strips: - Storage Conditions:15 -30 °C temperature in its original packing, in a dry atmosphere and protected from light and heat sources - Shelf life: two years |
| Ex-works price of device   | Bilistick reader price: 750.00 USD  |
| Ex-works price of consumables                                      | Bilistick Test Strips: 2.00 USD   |

Contact Information: Bilimetrix s.r.l.

info@bilimetrix.net

+39 040 375 7927

www.bilimetrix.net

## PRODUCTS IN DEVELOPMENT

# **BiliSpec - 3rd Stone Design**

**Intended Use:** For diagnosis and monitoring of total serum bilirubin.



**Key Features:** BiliSpec is a point of care, low-cost, diagnostic device designed to immediately quantify serum bilirubin levels from a small drop of whole blood. BiliSpec offers a faster and more cost-effective means to detect neonatal jaundice in under-resourced settings and determine when phototherapy is needed. BiliSpec provides an important tool to monitor the efficacy and progress of phototherapy, ensuring appropriate treatment dosage and duration. Used together, BiliSpec and phototherapy have the potential to reduce the morbidity and mortality associated with neonatal jaundice.

| BiliSpec   |  |
|--|--|
| Type of technology   | Serum Bilirubin Test   |
| Status   | Not Yet Commercially Available / In Development  |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards            | CE Mark expected 2020.   |
| Manufacturer of Record   |  |
| How are results presented to user?                             | Quantitative, mg/dL  |
| Accuracy   | Within CLIA Standard   |
| Linear range (mg/dL or mmol/L)                                 | 0.4-30 mg/dL   |
| Precision  | N/A  |
| Sample type and sample volume required                         | Whole blood heel stick ~40uL (no centrifuge required)  |
| Steps required to run from sample collection to results output | I. Collect ~40uL of sample onto disposable strip 2. Insert strip into BiliSpec 3. Press button 4. BiliSpec displays bilirubin measurement (mg/dL) 5. Dispose strip |
| Time to run from sample collection to result output            | <1 minute  |
| Calibration required   | No consumables required for calibration.   |

| Electricity requirements, including voltage, and charging features | Rechargeable, battery operated (standard USB charger 110-220V AC), lasts up to 24 hours. |
|--|--|
| Size and Form Factor   | BiliSpec is a handheld, portable device that can be used at the patient bedside.         |
| Shelf life, stability, and storage requirements                    | TBD  |
| Ex-works price of device   | TBD  |
| Ex-works price of consumables                                      | TBD  |

Contact Information: 3rd Stone Design

info@3rdstonedesign.com

415 454 3005

www.3rdstonedesign.com

#### 8. PHOTOTHERAPY LIGHT

#### INTRODUCTION TO PHOTOTHERAPY LIGHT & METER

Treatment with blue light phototherapy is necessary to prevent morbidity and mortality for severe cases of neonatal jaundice. The blue light breaks down bilirubin in the blood, allowing the infant to excrete the excess bilirubin before it can accumulate and cause permanent brain damage (kernicterus) or death.

There is a dose dependent response of neonatal hyperbilirubinemia to phototherapy which depends on: (I) Duration of phototherapy (2) Degree of irradiance given which is dependent on wavelength and type of light used, (3) the amount of body surface area irradiated, and (4) the distance of light from patient (this will vary and is based on manufacturers recommendation but is typically 10-30cm).

Phototherapy lights can also be paired with an irradiance meter so that clinicians can determine if the infant is receiving a therapeutic dose of light. Typically, optimal spectral irradiance is 25 - 30microW/cm²/nm, although higher spectral irradiance of 30-35 microW/cm²/nm may be used in more severe cases. If the dose is too low, clinicians may adjust the placement of the infant, the height or output power of the light, or replace burnt out light elements.

There are many types of phototherapy lights and modalities including LED, spotlights, fluorescent blue lights, halogen lights and phototherapy blankets. LED lights have been shown to be the safest and most efficacious for administering phototherapy as they give off the least heat and are associated with the lowest risk of hyperthermia and dehydration; although, this sometimes comes at an increased cost<sup>xxv</sup> xxvi xxvii.

### COMMERCIALLY AVAILABLE PRODUCTS

# Firefly Phototherapy - Medical Technology Transfer and Services Co., Ltd

Intended Use: The Firefly Phototherapy is designed to treat neonatal jaundice in a hospital setting. The device is intended to treat infants with mild to severe jaundice that are not requiring external warmth. The device is not intended to be used in or in combination with a warmer of any sort.



**Key Features:** The MTTS Firefly is a state-of-the-art phototherapy device designed for effective treatment of neonatal jaundice. Developed in collaboration with Design that Matters (Massachusetts, USA), and East Meets West Foundation (California, USA), the machine features intuitive design, double-sided lighting, compact size, user-friendly control panel, and removable single-infant bassinet. Firefly is designed to treat newborn jaundice in the mother's room – the best way to support mother-child bonding and breastfeeding. Clinical evaluations indicate that Firefly's double-sided design reduces total treatment time by 40% on a typical patient compared to single-sided LED phototherapy, allowing earlier discharge from the hospital, lowering incidence of newborn infection and freeing resources to treat more infants

| Firefly Phototherapy                                |  |
|---|--|
| Type of technology                                  | Phototherapy Light                                     |
| Status  | Commercially Available                                 |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards | CE Mark, ISO 13485, Other                              |
| Manufacturer of Record                              | MTTS Co., Ltd  |
| Size and Form Factor                                | Top light - 53 cm x 25 cm Bottom light - 50 cm x 20 cm |
| Range of irradiance (µW / cm2 / nm)                 | Top light - 34.8, Bottom light - 50.4                  |
| Peak wavelength (nm)                                | 465  |
| Effective treatment area (cm2)                      | 1325   |
| Bulb type   | LED  |
| Bulb lifetime (hours)                               | 44,000 hours   |

| Describe if / how bulbs are replaced                               | There are 4 LEDs on a panel. Panels can be replaced by trained technician |
|--|---|
| Come with an Irradiance Meter?                                     | Yes   |
| User instructions provided   | User Manual, Quick Reference Guide, Instructional videos                  |
| Electricity requirements, including voltage, and charging features | 100-240V AC   |
| Warranty   | l year  |
| Ex-works price of device   | 1,500 USD   |
| Ex-works price of consumables                                      | I USD for an eye patch  |

Contact Information: MTTS Co., Ltd

info@mtts-asia.com

+84 24 37 666 521

www.mtts-asia.com

# **Lullaby LED - General Electric Healthcare**

Intended Use: Bilirubin treatment



**Key Features:** Optimal 458-nm wavelength; Ideal irradiance levels; Uniform light distribution; Our LEDs are rated to last up to an incredible 50,000 hours before requiring replacement; Only 20-watt power consumption; Removable head - For seamless use with incubators

| Lullaby LED  |                             |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Type of technology   | Phototherapy Light          |
| Status   | Commercially Available      |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards                | CE Mark & FDA               |
| Manufacturer of Record   | General Electric            |
| Size and Form Factor   | 530 mm x 550 mm x 1700 mm   |
| Range of irradiance (µW / cm2 / nm)                                | 22 μW/cm2/nm - 45 μW/cm2/nm |
| Peak wavelength (nm)   | 450-465 nm                  |
| Effective treatment area (cm2)                                     | 50 cm x 30 cm               |
| Bulb type  | LED                         |
| Bulb lifetime (hours)  | 50,000 hours                |
| Describe if / how bulbs are replaced                               |                             |
| Come with an Irradiance Meter?                                     | Option                      |
| User instructions provided   |                             |
| Electricity requirements, including voltage, and charging features |                             |
| Warranty   |                             |

| Ex-works price of device      | 1500 |
|-------------------------------|------|
| Ex-works price of consumables | 500  |

Contact Information: Ayman Shaheen

ayman.shaheen@ge.com

201000038650

 $\underline{www.gehealthcare.com}$ 

## **Brilliance Pro - Phoenix Medical Systems Pvt Ltd**

Intended Use: Three out of five children have jaundice to some degree. In approximately 18% of these babies, the condition is severe and requires treatment. Severe jaundice, when left untreated or ineffectively treated, can lead to severe brain damage, a condition called kernicterus, or death. This can be averted simply by reducing the serum bilirubin through phototherapy. Brilliance LEDs last 60 times longer compared with CFLs. Using Brilliance Pro, hospitals can enjoy considerable savings by avoiding costly bulb replacements. Brilliance Pro consumes less than half the power consumed by CFLs.Brilliance Pro is designed to withstand severe power fluctuations without any change in performance.SmartTilt ensures that Brilliance Pro works effectively at any position and along with other pieces of neonatal intensive care equipment. This technology provides light of uniform intensity across the treatment area.



**Key Features:** • SmartTilt Technology SmartTilt ensures that Brilliance Pro works effectively at any position and along with other pieces of neonatal intensive care equipment. This technology provides light of uniform intensity across the treatment area. • Energy Efficient Brilliance Pro consumes less than half the power consumed by CFLs. • Minimal Maintenance Brilliance LEDs last 60 times longer compared with CFLs. Using Brilliance Pro, hospitals can enjoy considerable savings by avoiding costly bulb replacements. • Quality Brilliance Pro is designed to withstand severe power fluctuations without any change in performance. • Therapy Timer Treatment times are easily tracked. Readings are displayed on an LCD screen.

| Brilliance Pro                                      |                                 |
|---|---------------------------------|
| Type of technology                                  | Phototherapy Light              |
| Status  | Commercially Available          |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards | CE Mark                         |
| Manufacturer of Record                              | Phoenix Medical Systems Pvt Ltd |
| Size and Form Factor                                |                                 |

| Range of irradiance (uW / cm2 / nm)                                | >45µW/cm2/nm  |
|--|---------------|
| Peak wavelength (nm)   | 450-465nm     |
| Effective treatment area (cm2)                                     | >1300         |
| Bulb type  | LED           |
| Bulb type (other)  |               |
| Bulb lifetime (hours)  | 120,000 hours |
| Describe if / how bulbs are replaced                               |               |
| Come with an Irradiance Meter?                                     | Yes           |
| User instructions provided   |               |
| Electricity requirements, including voltage, and charging features |               |
| Warranty   |               |
| Ex-works price of device   | 500\$         |
| Ex-works price of consumables                                      | 25\$          |

Contact Information: Phoenix Medical Systems Pvt Ltd

expor

exports@pmsind.com



+27 71 528 9873

No website information provided

## PRODUCTS IN DEVELOPMENT

**Bili-Hut - Little Sparrows Technologies** 

**Intended Use:** Treatment of neonatal hyperbilirubinemia



Key Features: Narrow bandwidth blue LED, battery operable, ultraportable

| Bili-Hut  |   |
|---|---|
| Type of technology                                  | Phototherapy Light  |
| Status  | Not Yet Commercially Available / In Development   |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards | FDA, CE (pending)   |
| Manufacturer of Record                              | Little Sparrows Technologies  |
| Size and Form Factor                                | 16" W x 25" L x 12" H (40.64<br>cm W x 63.5 cm L x 30.48 cm H)<br>(when assembled)            |
| Range of irradiance (µW / cm² / nm)                 | Avg irradiance: 45 uW / cm <sup>2</sup> / nm;<br>Peak irradiance 58 uW / cm <sup>2</sup> / nm |
| Peak wavelength (nm)                                | 463   |
| Effective treatment area (cm²)                      | 170 cm <sup>2</sup>   |
| Bulb type   | LED   |
| Bulb lifetime (hours)                               | Up to 50,000 hrs  |
| Describe if / how bulbs are replaced                | Bulbs do not require replacing  |
| Come with an Irradiance Meter?                      | No  |

| User instructions provided                   | Instruction for use manual; Quick reference sheet |
|--|---|
| Electricity requirements, including voltage, | 100-240V, 50-60 Hz. 20W                           |
| and charging features                        | Capable of operation from 12V source              |
| Warranty                                     | Limited manufacturer warranty                     |
| Ex-works price of device                     | TBD   |
| Ex-works price of consumables                | TBD   |

Contact Information: Little Sparrows Technologies

info@littlesparrowstech.com

781-725-2460

www.littlesparrowstech.com

# TEMPERATURE STABILITY

As many as 85% of infants born in hospitals in low-resource settings (LRS) become cold (defined as <36.5°C)\*\*\*\*\*. Mortality rates increase with each degree Celsius of temperature lost. While the risks of being too cold are well recognized, hypothermia remains a largely invisible problem in overcrowded newborn units in low-resource settings. Hypothermia in newborns requires rapid diagnosis, which is often difficult in crowded and understaffed wards. Hypothermia not only increases the chances of acidosis, sepsis and RDS, but may indicate the presence of system illness such as infection or hypoglycemia.

Hypothermia can be treated using Kangaroo Mother Care (KMC), blankets/hats, warming cribs, warming mattresses and radiant warmers. While hypothermia can be treated using KMC, infants and their caregivers may not be eligible for reasons such as, but not limited to: mother is recovering from surgery or the infant is in need of intensive care.

Attempts to warm a cold baby without monitoring temperatures carefully can result in hyperthermia. Rapid swings in temperature – known as thermal shock – can lead to negative outcomes, including death. Additionally, unrecognized fever in infants may lead to delays in treating neonatal sepsis and resulting in increased morbidity.

In high-resource settings, these negative outcomes are prevented by using incubators which continuously monitor and adjust temperature, or, with intermittent monitoring (every 3-4 hours) for infants who are in open cribs. However, incubators cost thousands of dollars and often require delicate sensors and expensive consumables. Existing temperature monitoring devices that are affordable in lower resource settings do not have the features necessary for the accurate detection of hypothermia or are not designed for a clinical setting.

In addition to the risks of hypothermia, pre-term infants and children are at high risk of infection, which can cause hyperthermia. A diagnosis of fever is not conclusive for any of these conditions, but it is a critical early sign of potentially severe illness. In combination with a respiratory rate monitor and pulse oximeter, continuous temperature monitoring can provide guidance to clinicians on what type of treatment to pursue; once treatment has begun, it can indicate whether treatment is working or needs to be increased.

Outlined below are technologies both commercially available and in development that enable temperature stability for neonates.

## 9. WARMING CRIB

## INTRODUCTION TO WARMING CRIB

Warming cribs provide conductive heating either below or around the patient while also allowing health care workers with visibility and access to the baby. Negative outcomes associated with hypothermia can be prevented using warming cribs that carefully control heat.

## PRODUCTS IN DEVELOPMENT

**Neonatal Warming System - 3rd Stone Design** 

| Intended Use: To provide thermal stability for | No picture provided |
|--|---------------------|
| neonates at risk of hypothermia.               |                     |

**Key Features:** The Warming Crib is an affordable, durable, easy-to-use alternative to traditional neonatal incubators. The device provides just the right amount of warmth to keep the baby comfortable. The device constantly displays the baby's temperature, has built-in safety features to prevent overheating, and has visual indicators that are easy to read by users.

| Neonatal Warming System  |   |
|--|---|
| Type of technology   | Warming Crib  |
| Status   | Not Yet Commercially Available / In Development   |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards  | CE Mark expected 2021.  |
| Manufacturer of Record   |   |
| Benchtop measurement accuracy (+-°C)   | Same as clinical.   |
| Clinical measurement accuracy (+-°C)   | TBD.  |
| Maximum CO2 concentration  | Less than the acceptable amount. TBD.   |
| Maximum temperature (+-°C)   | TBD.  |
| Describe the patient interface, specifically how the device responds to a neonate's temperature. | The Warming Crib has a sensor that attaches to the infant's abdomen either using a wearable strap (reusable) or an adhesive patch (disposable). This sensor incorporates a feedback loop that uses the infant's current temperature to determine whether to continue heating the chamber. The device constantly displays the baby's temperature, has built-in safety features to prevent burns and overheating, and has visual indicators that are easy to read by users. |
| Temperature uniformity (+-°C)  | ±0.8°C  |
| Alarms included in device  | Other   |
| How are alarms set?  | Alarms are pre-set at factory.  |
| Consumables required   | Adhesive patch for sensor attachment (optional).  |
| Describe how cleaned or decontaminated   | The Warming Crib is wipeable with standard hospital cleaning products.  |

| Size and form factor   | The Warming Crib is table mountable and comes with an optional wheeled cart. It accommodates one neonate at a time. |
|--|---|
| Training Required  | Minimal. Designed for intuitive use.  |
| User instructions provided   | TBD   |
| Electricity requirements, including voltage, and charging features   | 110-240V AC 50-60hz. Integrated surge protection.   |
| Maximum power consumption (W)  | <250W   |
| In the event of a power outage, what is the heat retention for your Warming Crib? (e.g., X +-°C loss over X hours) | TBD   |
| Warranty   | 2 year standard warranty.   |
| Ex-works price of device   | TBD.  |
| Ex-works price of consumables  | TBD.  |

Contact Information: 3rd Stone Design



info@3rdstonedesign.com



415 454 3005

www.3rdstonedesign.com

#### **10. RADIANT WARMERS**

#### INTRODUCTION TO RADIANT WARMERS

Hypothermia can be prevented using radiant warmers that carefully control heat based on manual settings or the infant's own temperature. Radiant warmers provide heat using an overhead heating source and are preferred for infants who may require greater access or closer short-term monitoring. Radiant warmers are preferred, in the short term, to warming cribs/incubators for infants who are unstable and may require significant intervention (such as resuscitation or invasive procedures).

## COMMERCIALLY AVAILABLE PRODUCTS

# Wallaby Warmer - Medical Technology Transfer and Services Co., Ltd

**Intended Use:** Restore, stabilize, and control the temperature of the newborn baby.



**Key Features:** Focusing on enhanced functionality and clinical performance, the Warmer features safe, automatic control of patient temperature with smart problem detection, safety fallback modes, and LCD displays that show set temperature, temperature alarm, treatment time, total usage time, and heater power level. Moreover, the easy-to-open sidewalls provide access to the patient while keeping them warm and create an ideal ergonomic setting where caregivers can work efficiently.

| Wallaby Warmer   |  |
|--|--|
| Type of technology   | Radiant Warmer   |
| Status   | Commercially Available   |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards  | CE Mark , ISO 13485, Other   |
| Manufacturer of Record   | MTTS Co., Ltd  |
| Benchtop measurement accuracy (+-°C)   | 0.15   |
| Clinical measurement accuracy (+-°C)   | 0.15   |
| Temperature stability (+-°C)   | 0.9  |
| Describe the patient interface, specifically how the device responds to a neonate's temperature. | In BABY MODE, the warmer provides stable control of the baby's skin temperature by automatically adjusting the heater power to compensate for varying physiological and environmental conditions. In PREWARM MODE, the warmer provides general |

| T  | alarm free prewarming of the heater and environment above the warmer mattress. In MANUAL MODE, the warmer provides useradjustable heater power and the option to monitor the baby's skin temperature using skin sensor. |  |
|--|---|--|
| Temperature uniformity (+-°C)                | 2   |  |
| Alarms included in device                    | Temperature too high, Temperature too low, Skin sensor failure, Heater element failure, Power failure   |  |
| How are alarms set?                          | High/Low Skin Temperature alarms are predefined and cannot be set by the user. In BABY MODE they indicate measured skin temperature higher/lower than set temperature by IC.  |  |
| Consumables required                         | Skin sensor (12 months lifetime)  |  |
| Describe how cleaned or decontaminated       | Wallaby warmer has the mattress that can be cleaned with mild detergent. Side panels are from acrylic which can be cleaned with 70% alcohol solution or other similar chemical available at the hospital.               |  |
| Size and form factor                         | 64 cm $\times$ 54 cm $\times$ 185 cm, integrated bed on 4 caster wheels with lockers (4 locks)  |  |
| Training Required                            | No  |  |
| User instructions provided                   | User Manual, Assembly Instructions, Quick<br>Reference Guide, instructional videos  |  |
| Electricity requirements, including voltage, | 220-240V AC (110V AC available on special   |  |
| and charging features                        | requests)   |  |
| Maximum power consumption (W)                | 650   |  |
| Warranty                                     | l year  |  |
| Ex-works price of device                     | 1,750 USD   |  |
| Ex-works price of consumables                | 25 USD  |  |

Contact Information: MTTS Co., Ltd

info@mtts-asia.com

+84 24 37 666 521

www.mtts-asia.com

**Lullaby Warmer - General Electric Healthcare** 

Intended Use: Providing a stable, thermoregulated environment that assures a warm, and comfort environment



**Key Features:** Versatility, from L&D to NICU Warmer heats to 100% for 12 minutes Large LED screen provides direct access to key functions APGAR timer with audible tones at one Smooth bed tilting of  $\pm 15^{\circ}$  continuous positions The heater module rotates 90° to either side Heat is evenly distributed via the Calrod® heater

| Lullaby Warmer  |                        |
|---|------------------------|
| Type of technology  | Radiant Warmer         |
| Status  | Commercially Available |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards   | CE Mark & FDA          |
| Manufacturer of Record  | General Electric       |
| Benchtop measurement accuracy (+-°C)  | ±0.1°C @ 30°C to 42°C  |
| Clinical measurement accuracy (+-°C)  | ±0.1°C @ 30°C to 42°C  |
| Temperature stability (+-°C)  | ±0.1°C @ 30°C to 42°C  |
| Describe the patient interface, specifically how the device responds to a neonate's temperature.  Temperature uniformity (+-°C) |                        |
| Alarms included in device   | Other                  |
| How are alarms set?   | upper & lower limits   |
| Consumables required  | Temp. probe            |

| Describe how cleaned or decontaminated                             |  |
|--|--|
| Size and form factor   | Mattress Size 462 x 640 x 25.4 mm                              |
| Training Required  | minimal operation training                                     |
| User instructions provided   |  |
| Electricity requirements, including voltage, and charging features | 230 V ± 10%, 50/60 Hz models; 4<br>Amps                        |
| Maximum power consumption (W)                                      | 600 W max  |
| Warranty   | Life time on heating elemnt, & I year for the rest of the unit |
| Ex-works price of device   | 2800   |
| Ex-works price of consumables                                      |  |

Contact Information: Ayman Shaheen

ayman.shaheen@ge.com

201000038650

www.gehealthcare.com

# Comprehensive Infant Care System 101 - Phoenix Medical Systems Pvt Ltd

Intended Use: The CIC 101 has been designed to provide warmth to preterm infants and simultaneously meet the critical situations that may arise in providing care for such babies. The CIC 101 is remarkably convenient and user friendly, given its capabilities. The space around the infant is organized efficiently for the convenience of care givers, the mother and visitors. It is easy to clean.



**Key Features:** • Secure Thermal Environment Infrared radiation produced by a quartz heating element is spread uniformly by a parabolic reflector all over the baby. The heater unit can be swivelled to accommodate mobile X-ray equipment so that transporting the baby is avoided. •

World's First Oval Shaped Bed This Phoenix innovation permits quick access to the baby, which is critical during resuscitation. The bed can also be tilted and rotated. • Adjustment The height of the entire unit may be adjusted according to the convenience of the care giver. The system features foot-operated pedals that leave the hands free. • Non-touch System The halogen examination lamp is switched on and off using another Phoenix innovation, the non-touch system, which was designed to reduce the risk of spreading infections in hospitals. The care giver just needs to wave his or her hand near a sensor to control the lamp. The brightness of the lamp may be adjusted similarly. • Pulse Oximetry Oxygen saturation levels are measured noninvasively using well established Masimo Technology. • CPAP The baby-friendly CPAP unit is compatible with both bubble and flow driven systems. This unit features accurate electronic blending of air and oxygen. • Easy-to-Read Display The baby's heart rate, temperature and weight trend charts are presented in a form that is easy to interpret. The display provides parents a record of their baby's progress. • Trays Ample storage space for sterile supplies and instruments is provided by trays that can be placed at six convenient places. The Mayo trays and rugged IV poles support even monitors.

| Comprehensive Infant Care System 101                |                                 |
|---|---------------------------------|
| Type of technology                                  | Radiant Warmer                  |
| Status  | Commercially Available          |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards | CE Mark                         |
| Manufacturer of Record                              | Phoenix Medical Systems Pvt Ltd |
| Benchtop measurement accuracy (+-°C)                |                                 |

| Clinical measurement accuracy (+-°C)   | 0.2   |
|--|---|
| Temperature stability (+-°C)   |   |
| Describe the patient interface, specifically how the device responds to a neonate's temperature. |   |
| Temperature uniformity (+-°C)  |   |
| Alarms included in device  | Auditory  |
| How are alarms set?  | High and low alarms, probe failure, heater failure, power failure, system failure, Low battery, Spo2, BPM, High/low oxygen concentration, high/low pressure |
| Consumables required   | Temperature probe, Spo2 probe   |
| Describe how cleaned or decontaminated   |   |
| Size and form factor   |   |
| Training Required  |   |
| User instructions provided   |   |
| Electricity requirements, including voltage, and charging features                               | 110V-230V 50Hz -  |
| Maximum power consumption (W)  | 900VV   |
| Warranty   | lyear   |
| Ex-works price of device   | 10000   |
| Ex-works price of consumables  |   |

Contact Information: Phoenix Medical Systems Pvt Ltd

exports@pmsind.com

+27 71 528 9873

https://www.phoenixmedicalsystems.com/

#### II. TEMPERATURE MONITORS

#### INTRODUCTION TO CONTINUOUS TEMPERATURE MONITORS

Given that temperatures less than 36.5°C have been shown to be an independent risk factor for death in neonates<sup>xxix</sup>, early recognition and treatment of hypothermia is critical. In overcrowded and understaffed hospital wards where nursing to patient ratios are often in excess of 1:10 and most infants are not in incubators which continuously record temperature, obtaining temperature readings even 3-4 times per day can be challenging.

In high resource settings, low nursing to patient ratios and availability of incubators, which continuously monitor temperatures, allows for close monitoring. In settings with high nurse to patient ratios, where incubators are limited, KMC is the preferential warming option. However, some infants require closer monitoring of temperature in open cribs and the ability to continuously monitor temperature and notify staff when an intervention is needed could greatly reduce hypothermia and increase recognition of neonatal fever associated morbidity and mortality.

Outlined below are technologies both commercially available and in development that allow for the continuous monitoring of neonatal temperatures outside of a warming device (i.e. radiant warmer or incubator).

## COMMERCIALLY AVAILABLE PRODUCTS

# **TempWatch - BEMPU Health**

**Intended Use:** Hypothermia detection and alert



**Key Features:** The BEMPU TempWatch is a novel, continuous temperature-monitoring bracelet that alarms if a newborn becomes hypothermic (<36.5 C), thereby empowering the caretaker to warm the baby well before hypoxia, hypoglycemia, poor growth, or death can occur. The device sits on the wrist of the newborn for a full month in both hospital and home settings.

| TempWatch  |   |  |
|--|---|--|
| Type of technology   | Temperature Monitor   |  |
| Status   | Commercially Available  |  |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards  | CE Mark   |  |
| Manufacturer of Record   | BEMPU Health  |  |
| Benchtop measurement accuracy (+-°C)   |   |  |
| Clinical measurement accuracy (+-°C)   |   |  |
| Time for your Temperature Monitor to indicate accurate temperature (s)                           |   |  |
| Describe the patient interface, specifically how the device responds to a neonate's temperature. | The device is fastened on the newborn's wrist 24/7 for 30 days, with the exception of being removed once a day to be cleaned.                       |  |
| Alarms included in device  | Other   |  |
| How are alarms set?  | The device will beep and flash an orange light when it detects a temperature reading below 36.5 degrees Celsius.                                    |  |
| Consumables required   | None.   |  |
| Describe how cleaned or decontaminated   | In a clinical setting, the TempWatch should be decontaminated with a hospital-approved detergent such as alcohol or chlorhexidine. In home settings |  |

| Size and form factor   | where such products are not present, it can be cleaned with a damp cloth and soap.   |
|--|--|
|  | <del> </del>   |
| Training Required  | The user must be trained on the dangers of hypothermia, how to fasten the TempWatch correctly on the wrist, the device indications (blue light vs. orange light), and proper cleaning instructions.  |
| User instructions provided   | I) Fasten the band on the baby's wrist. 2) Pull the tab to activate the device, and wait for 5 minutes. The bracelet will flash a white light during activation. 3) After 5 minutes, the bracelet will begin to measure temperature. If it is flashing a soft blue light, the baby is not hypothermic. 4) If the baby becomes hypothermic, the bracelet will beep and flash an orange light. Please warm the baby immediately. |
| Electricity requirements, including voltage, and charging features | The device has a 2.8-3.3V DC operating voltage and is powered by $2 \times CR-1620$ Coin Battery ( $2 \times 70$ mAH).   |
| Warranty   | I year   |
| Ex-works price of device   | Dependent on market.   |
| Ex-works price of consumables                                      | Dependent on market.   |

Contact Information: BEMPU Health



1800 <del>4</del>25 0192

https://bempu.com/

## PRODUCTS IN DEVELOPMENT

**Temperature Monitor - 3rd Stone Design** 

**Intended Use:** To provide temperature measurement of infants in a healthcare setting.



**Key Features:** The Temperature Monitor provides core body temperature measurement for newborns in under-resourced hospitals. A simple, affordable and durable tool that displays the temperature and provides a rapid way to alert clinical staff of patient hypo or hyperthermia.

| Temperature Monitor  |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| Type of technology   | Temperature Monitor  |  |
| Status   | Not Yet Commercially Available / In Development  |  |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards  | CE Mark expected 2020.   |  |
| Manufacturer of Record   |  |  |
| Benchtop measurement accuracy (+-°C)   | TBD  |  |
| Clinical measurement accuracy (+-°C)   | TBD  |  |
| Time for your Temperature Monitor to indicate accurate temperature (s)                           | <2 minutes   |  |
| Describe the patient interface, specifically how the device responds to a neonate's temperature. | The Temperature Monitor has a sensor that attaches to the infant's abdomen either using a wearable strap (reusable) or an adhesive patch (disposable). |  |
| Alarms included in device  | Other  |  |
| How are alarms set?  | Alarms are pre-set at factory.   |  |
| Consumables required   | Adhesive patch (optional).   |  |
| Describe how cleaned or decontaminated   | The Temperature Monitor is wipeable with standard hospital cleaning products.  |  |
| Size and form factor   | The Temperature Monitor is a portable device that can easily be moved between patient bedsides.  |  |

| Training Required  | None.   |
|--|---|
| User instructions provided   | TBD.  |
| Electricity requirements, including voltage, and charging features | Rechargeable battery (standard USB charger 110-220V AC), lasts up to 24 hours |
| Warranty   | 2 year standard warranty  |
| Ex-works price of device   | TBD   |
| Ex-works price of consumables                                      | TBD   |

Contact Information: 3rd Stone Design

info@3rdstonedesign.com

415 454 3005

www.3rdstonedesign.com

# HYDRATION, NUTRITION & DRUG DELIVERY

#### 12. SYRINGE PUMPS

#### INTRODUCTION TO SYRINGE PUMPS

Syringe pumps deliver medication and small quantities of fluids continuously through an intravenous line, and are a "priority medical device" as described by the World Health Organization. In high-resource hospitals, syringe pumps are used to provide rehydration fluids, breastmilk, dextrose to hypoglycemic infants, and antibiotics to infants with infection. In hospitals where syringe pumps do not exist or are unable to be maintained or operated, these fluids are delivered via a gravity-fed IV drip, slow push by nurses or using burettes. These are all much less accurate methods of delivery, and put infants at significant risk of over/under dosing, medical error, line complications, fluid overload or hypovolemia. Additionally, since premature babies are likely to need slow introduction to breastmilk over the first week of life, syringe pumps are critical to maintaining normal glucose and hydration until preterm infants are able to tolerate adequate volumes of breastmilk orally or by nasogastric tube. For these reasons, syringe pumps were listed as a pressing technology for improving newborn care in The Global Action Report on Preterm Birth\*\*\*.

The FDA has reported that syringe pumps currently on the market are difficult to use<sup>xxxi</sup>. Moreover, existing syringe pumps are expensive, and require costly, brand-specific consumables, making them unsuitable for use outside of high-resource settings. To be effective in reducing infant mortality on a global scale, pumps must be designed with a simple user interface to avoid setup errors and function accurately with the variety of syringe brand and sizes. In addition to withstanding hot and humid environments, the pump must be easily calibrated and maintained by local technicians. Syringe pumps are often unavailable for infants in need of life-saving IV treatment.

Outlined below are syringe pump technologies for low resource settings.

#### PRODUCTS IN DEVELOPMENT

# **Rice University Syringe Pump - Rice 360 Institute for Global Health**

**Intended Use:** To provide fluids or antibiotics to neonates with hypoglycemia or infection



**Key Features:** The Rice University syringe pump is designed to provide continuous infusion of fluid or antibiotics to neonates. Its features include: Accurate drug delivery; No proprietary consumables; Long battery life; Easy-to-use user interface; Easy maintenance and repair

| Rice University Syringe Pump   |   |
|--|---|
| Type of technology   | Syringe Pump  |
| Status   | Not Yet Commercially Available / In Development   |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards  | None; CE marking anticipated  |
| Manufacturer of Record   | Unknown   |
| Benchtop measurement accuracy (+-%)  | <3%   |
| Clinical measurement accuracy (+-%)  | <5%   |
| Flow rate ranges for your Syringe Pump? (mL/hr)  | I-60mL/hour   |
| Describe the syringes your Syringe Pump is compatible with (size, proprietary or non-proprietary, etc.)      | Any syringe brand/type; 5mL-60mL capacity   |
| Describe how occlusion limits are set on your Syringe Pump are adjusted based upon patient and syringe size. | Occlusion limits are non-adjustable   |
| Describe the patient interface of your Syringe Pump, including how the device interfaces with a neonate.     | A syringe is placed on the syringe tray; the patient is connected to the syringe via an IV giving set |
| Alarms included in device  | Other   |

| Describe how cleaned or decontaminated                             | A syringe is placed on the syringe tray; the patient is connected to the syringe via an IV giving set |
|--|---|
| Consumables required   | Syringes, giving sets (any brand)   |
| Training Required  | Minimal (<1/2 day training)   |
| Size and form factor   | Portable; can be set at the patient's bedside   |
| User instructions provided   | The device will come with a manual  |
| Electricity requirements, including voltage, and charging features | Battery powered; est. battery life 24 hours from full charge  |
| Warranty   | The device will come with a warranty  |
| Ex-works price of device   | TBD   |
| Ex-works price of consumables                                      | N/A   |

Contact Information: Rice 360 Institute for Global Health

rice360@rice.edu

713-348-3071

www.rice360.rice.edu

## PREVENTION AND TREATMENT OF INFECTIONS

#### 13. SEPSIS DIAGNOSTIC

#### INTRODUCTION TO SEPSIS DIAGNOSTICS

Neonatal sepsis is a major cause of newborn mortality and must be identified and treated quickly to ensure survival and minimize morbidity. However, it is not easy to diagnose. Due to the immaturity of a neonatal immune systems and natural history of late deterioration and high morbidity in the presence of a serious bacterial infection, the standard of care in neonates is to treat while simultaneously screening for sepsis with blood, urine and spinal fluid cultures and microscopy until studies suggest that infection is unlikely to be present. There are some useful guidelines that help to identify neonates and young infants at risk of sepsis and guide clinical management. However, even when these guidelines are used, many more babies receive antibiotics than those who truly have serious bacterial infections and need antibiotics\*\*

Serious bacterial infections can be identified by clinical assessment, biochemically (with biomarkers) or microbiologically. However, limited availability of microbiological diagnostic testing in low and middle income countries (LMIC) is a major barrier to safe antibiotic use and shortening courses of treatment. The currently available diagnostic tests have significant barriers in their use and interpretation<sup>xxxiii</sup>. Additionally, there is currently no accepted biomarker for use in low and middle income countries<sup>xxxiv</sup>. The availability, cost, rapidity of results, sensitivity, specificity, predictive value, and the interpretation of results pose challenges for the widespread use of biomarkers. Small studies have described hundreds of biomarkers associated with severe neonatal infections and biomarkers, alone or in combination, that have been used to identify newborn infections: procalcitonin (PCT), Creactive protein (CRP), tumor necrosis factor-a (TNF-a), interferon-g (IFN-g), interleukin-6 (IL-6), interleukin (IL-8)<sup>xxxv</sup>. The majority of these studies have evaluated biomarkers in combination with Creactive protein (CRP), already in widespread clinical use for the diagnosis of infection. As an acutephase reactant, CRP alone is less useful in the earliest phases of severe neonatal infection because it does not peak until 12 to 24 hours after infection and can also be triggered by a non-infectious insult, such as trauma.

We have currently not received any submissions for Sepsis Diagnostic Tests. If you are a manufacturer or product developer and wish to include your technology in future versions of this manual, please contact Becca Kirby at <a href="mailto:becca.kirby@kellogg.northwestern.edu">becca.kirby@kellogg.northwestern.edu</a>.

# POINT-OF-CARE DIAGNOSTICS

#### 14. HEMOGLOBIN TEST

#### INTRODUCTION TO HEMOGLOBIN TEST

Hemoglobin concentration refers to the amount of the oxygen-carrying protein in the blood, and is a diagnostic for anemia (low hemoglobin) or polycythemia (high hemoglobin).

#### COMMERCIALLY AVAILABLE PRODUCTS

## Masimo Rad-67 - Masimo Corporation

**Intended Use:** Spot check monitoring of hemoglobin, oxygen saturation, heart rate, perfusion index, and methemoglobin

For more information, visit <a href="http://www.masimo.com">http://www.masimo.com</a>.

The information in this document is provided for basic informational purposes only, and is not intended to constitute a comprehensive overview of Masimo products and technology. While every effort has been made to provide current and accurate information about these products and technologies, Masimo makes no guarantees of any kind about the currency or accuracy of this information. Moreover, federal (USA) law restricts these devices to sale by or on the order of a physician. In using any of these devices, please see instructions for use for full prescribing information, including indications, contraindications, warnings, and precautions.



**Key Features:** The Rad-67 is a combined pulse oximeter that measures oxygen saturation (SpO2), heart rate (HR), perfusion index (PI), total hemoglobin (SbHb), and methemoglobin (MetHb). The device is handheld and has a color touch screen.

| Masimo Rad-67  |   |
|--|---|
| Type of technology   | Hemoglobin Test   |
| Status   | Commercially Available  |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards                                | CE Mark, US FDA Clearance   |
| Manufacturer of Record   | Masimo Corporation  |
| Accuracy   | I g/dL  |
| Linear range   | 8-17 g/dL (note that legally in our validation we cannot hemodylate below 8; there is a linear relationship therefore lower values will still read accurately |
| Precision  | 0.1   |
| Sample type and sample volume  | The measure is non invasive   |
| Describe the steps required to run test, from sample collection to results output. | Turn device on. Place sensor on toe or finger (depending on patient size). Hit the start button. Wait 30 seconds. Take reading.                               |

| How much time does it take to run one test, from sample collection to result output? | The measurement time is 30 seconds. Time to prepare patients varies depending on setting. |
|--|---|
| Calibration required   |   |
| Electricity requirements, including voltage, and charging features                   | 100-240Vac, 50/60Hz, 0.5A   |
| Size and form factor   | 0.8 pounds (7.65" x 3.23" x 0.93")  |
| Shelf life, stability, and storage requirements                                      | See page 78 of the user operator guide  |
| Ex-works price of device   | pricing varies by volume  |
| Ex-works price of consumables  | pricing varies by volume  |

Contact Information: Masimo Corporation

gjaaron@masimo.com



+41 79 267 7963

www.masimo.com

These products are for professional use only. Federal (USA) law restricts these devices to sale by or on the order of a physician. In using any of these devices, please see instructions for use for full prescribing information, including indications, contraindications, warnings, and precautions.

#### PRODUCTS IN DEVELOPMENT

HemoSpec - Rice 360 Institute for Global Health

Intended Use: Diagnosing anemia.



**Key Features:** The HemoSpec consists of an optical reader and a disposable. Blood is collected directly from a fingerstick or heelstick on the disposable - there is no need to meter volume, mix blood with any reagents, or precisely measure time since collection. The user inserts the disposable into the reader, which provides a quantitative result in less than I minute.

| HemoSpec   |  |
|--|--|
| Type of technology   | Hemoglobin Test  |
| Status   | Not Yet Commercially Available / In Development  |
| What technology does your Hemoglobin Test utilize?                                   | Spectrophotometry  |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards                                  | None; CE marking anticipated   |
| Manufacturer of Record   | Unknown  |
| Accuracy   | '+/- I.5 g/dL (anticipated)  |
| Linear range   | 0-18 g/dL (tested)   |
| Precision  | TBD  |
| Sample type and sample volume  | Whole blood, >= 10 uL  |
| Describe the steps required to run test, from sample collection to results output.   | Collect blood from finger/heelprick onto strip; Seal strip by pressing adhesive tape over the blood-soaked paper; Insert strip into carrier tray and tray into reader; Press sample button, wait for answer. |
| How much time does it take to run one test, from sample collection to result output? | < 2 min  |

| Calibration required   | Yes; anticipated < once per day                       |
|--|---|
| Electricity requirements, including voltage, and charging features | Battery-powered                                       |
| Size and form factor   | Portable, approximately $90 \times 80 \times 75$ mm.  |
| Shelf life, stability, and storage requirements                    | When packaged, strips are stable in heat and humidity |
| Ex-works price of device   | TBD   |
| Ex-works price of consumables                                      | TBD   |

Contact Information: Rice 360 Institute for Global Health

rice360@rice.edu

713-348-3071

www.rice360.rice.edu

#### 15. GLUCOSE TEST

#### INTRODUCTION TO GLUCOSE TEST

Hypoglycemia is a common metabolic problem in newborns and can result in neurologic complications if left untreated. Small and premature newborns are at increased risk for hypoglycemia. Monitoring blood glucose concentration allows clinicians to intervene with supplemental glucose for at-risk infants. Most common point-of-care glucometers are designed to be accurate at high glucose ranges for management of adult diabetes; few are intended for use or accurate in the low glucose concentrations seen in hypoglycemic newborns.

We have currently not received any submissions for Glucose Tests. If you are a manufacturer or product developer and wish to include your technology in future versions of this manual, please contact Becca Kirby at becca.kirby@kellogg.northwestern.edu.

## **OTHER PRODUCTS**

#### COMMERCIALLY AVAILABLE PRODUCTS

# **BiliCare Neonatal Noninvasive Bilirubin Meter - JAEA MEDICAL SUPPLIES LIMITED**

**Intended Use:** Screening tool for measuring and monitoring bilirubin levels to assess risk of neonatal hyperbilirubinemia.



**Key Features:** -Trans cutaneous Bilirubin Meter. -LED transmission technology reduces user variances and need for routine device calibration-Measuring Site, Ear(Scaphoid Fossa) -High correlation with Total Serum Bilirubin (r=0.9) -Non-invasive hence reduces need for or number of heelsticks

| BiliCare Neonatal Noninvasive Bilirubin Meter                      |  |
|--|--|
| Type of technology   | Bilirubin Meter-Transcutaneous/Non-invasive  |
| Status   | Commercially Available   |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards                | CE Mark, ISO 13485   |
| Manufacturer of Record   | Gerium Medical Ltd.  |
| Electricity requirements, including voltage, and charging features | Input: 100-240VAC, 50/60Hz, 150mA. Output: 5V, 100mA. Battery: Lithium Ion, Voltage 3.7V (Recharge time 4 hrs) |
| Size and form factor   | Dimensions: 80mm W x 80mm L x 67mm H Weight: 100gm   |
| Shelf life, stability, and storage requirements                    | Operating Temperature: 0 Degrees Centigrade to 40 Degrees Centigrade Relative Humidity: 30% to 85% Storage     |

|                               | Temperature: -10 Degrees Centigrade to +65 Degrees Centigrade |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Ex-works price of device      |   |
| Ex-works price of consumables |   |

Contact Information: JAEA MEDICAL SUPPLIES LTD.

info@jaea-medical.com

254711770857 www.jaea-medical.com Light Meter - Medical Technology Transfer and Services Co., Ltd

Intended Use: To determine the light intensity in order to asses the functionality of the phototherapy unit or prioritize the patient for the stronger lights available



Key Features: Light meter measures the light irradiance of the phototherapy units

| Light Meter  |                        |
|--|------------------------|
| Type of technology   | Light meter            |
| Status   | Commercially Available |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards                | ISO 13485              |
| Manufacturer of Record   | MTTS Co., Ltd          |
| Electricity requirements, including voltage, and charging features | 2 AA batteries         |
| Size and form factor   | 12.5 x 7 x 2.4cm       |
| Shelf life, stability, and storage requirements                    | 5 years                |
| Ex-works price of device   | 350 USD                |
| Ex-works price of consumables                                      | n/a                    |

Contact Information: MTTS Co., Ltd

info@mtts-asia.com

+84 24 37 666 521

www.mtts-asia.com

### NeoBeat Newborn Heart Rate Meter - Laerdal Global Health

**Intended Use:** Measure newborn heart rate within seconds of birth to support and guide newborn resuscitation when needed and reduce misclassification of stillbirths.



Key Features: NeoBeat is a reusable, consumable-free, and easy-to-use heart rate meter that provides an accurate and continuous display of newborn heart rate. NeoBeat takes seconds to put on a newborn's abdomen, and the instantaneous heart rate can help guide neonatal resuscitation. NeoBeat uses dry electrodes to pick up an ECG-based signal, which is recommended by The International Liaison Committee on Resuscitation (ILCOR) 2015 guidelines as the most reliable way to measure newborn HR. Current available methods in low-resource settings include stethoscope or umbilical cord palpation, both of which either require a second pair of hands or interruption in care. NeoBeat takes seconds to put on the baby and provides a continuous and instantaneous digital display of the newborn HR. -NeoBeat comes with a mountable charging stand for quick and easy access to the device.

| NeoBeat Newborn Heart Rate Meter                                   |  |
|--|--|
| Type of technology   | Heart rate monitor   |
| Status   | Commercially Available   |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards                | CE Mark  |
| Manufacturer of Record   | Laerdal Medical AS   |
| Electricity requirements, including voltage, and charging features | Battery: Internal rechargeable lithium-ion button cell, 3.7 V, 120 mAh Typical service life of battery: 3 – 6 years depending on use. Battery charger: Input 100 – 240 V AC, 50 – 60 Hz, 0.3 A Output 5 V DC, I A. Max 3 hours charge time, 4 hours continuous run time on full battery. |

| Size and form factor                            | Dimensions: $83 \times 87 \times 40$ mm ( $3.2 \times 3.4 \times 1.6$ inches) Weight: $31$ g ( $1.1$ oz) Materials: PC, TPU, stainless steel                                  |
|---|---|
| Shelf life, stability, and storage requirements | Temperature: Operating: 0 – 40 °C (32 – 104 °F)<br>Storage/shipping: -40 – 70 °C (-40 – 158 °F) Shelf<br>life: Rechargeable lithium battery - 3.6 years,<br>depending on use. |
| Ex-works price of device                        | 150 USD   |
| Ex-works price of consumables                   | No consumables  |

Contact Information: Laerdal Global Health

lgh@laerdal.com

+47 51 51 17 00

www.laerdalglobalhealth.com

## Upright with PEEP Newborn Bag-Mask - Laerdal Global Health

Intended Use: Upright with Newborn PEEP is designed to provide positive pressure ventilation during newborn resuscitation. Upright with PEEP can be used on all newborns, but PEEP technology is especially beneficial for premature newborns.



**Key Features:** A self-inflating, manual and reusable bag-mask intended for newborns and infants who require respiratory support. By introducing positive end-expiratory pressure (PEEP), Upright with PEEP Newborn Bag-Mask can help prevent repeated lung alveolar collapse during ventilation, helping recruit lung volume more efficiently, clear fluid from the lungs and reduce damage to the lung tissue. PEEP is the current standard of care in high-resource settings and is recommended by the International Liaison Committee on Resuscitation (ILCOR) for premature newborns.

| Upright with PEEP Newborn Bag-Mask                                 |   |
|--|---|
| Type of technology   | Newborn bag valve and mask                                |
| Status   | Commercially Available                                    |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards                | CE Mark,Other   |
| Manufacturer of Record   | Laerdal Medical Suzhou                                    |
| Electricity requirements, including voltage, and charging features | NA  |
| Size and form factor   | Product Size (LxWxH): 73.5*9.3*21.9 cm                    |
| Shelf life, stability, and storage requirements                    | Shelf life: 3 years, Storage temperature: -20 °C to 60 °C |
| Ex-works price of device   | \$25 USD  |
| Ex-works price of consumables                                      | NA  |

Contact Information: Laerdal Global Health







# **Lullaby Resus Plus - General Electric Healthcare**

Intended Use: Lullaby Resus. Plus helps ensure adequate pressure delivery and oxygenation



Key Features: Ultimate & effective solution to Birth Asphyxia

| Lullaby Resus Plus   |                                      |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| Type of technology   | Other T piece technology             |
| Status   | Commercially Available               |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards                | CE Mark                              |
| Manufacturer of Record   | General Electric                     |
| Electricity requirements, including voltage, and charging features | No electricity required (gas driven) |
| Size and form factor   | 22 cm x 37 cm x 30 cm                |
| Shelf life, stability, and storage requirements                    |                                      |
| Ex-works price of device   | 2700                                 |
| Ex-works price of consumables                                      |                                      |

Contact Information: Ayman Shaheen

ayman.

ayman.shaheen@ge.com

201000038650

www.gehealthcare.com

# NoviGuide: Mobile neonatal clinical decision support - Global Strategies

Intended Use: NoviGuide provides bedside clinical decision support for health workers who care for newborns, helping them determine when and how to use medical devices, and enabling them to easily report broken equipment and supply shortages. When doctors and nurses use NoviGuide, they generate data that provides insight about the epidemiology of babies seen at the site and how practitioners select among diverse treatment modalities. Powered by this continuous data, the NoviGuide Dashboard provides targeted recommendations to overcome barriers to care at a clinic, region or country level.



Key Features: NoviGuide is a mobile companion for clinicians who care for newborns. Quick, visually engaging, and fully-featured, NoviGuide's dynamic decision trees support providers through a care encounter, expanding lines of questioning in response to danger signs. Complex neonatal care protocols become second nature, with error-prone manual calculations a thing of the past. Babies get rapid, precise care. Care delivery then combines with data collection. Each encounter helps build a picture of the care landscape, data syncing later if connectivity is limited. An Insights Dashboard provides lively visualizations and identifies problem areas, and can connect to a DHIS2 instance. NoviGuide was developed through a co-design process involving neonatal specialists, neonatal pharmacists, software developers, and frontline bedside clinicians providing care in low-resource settings. Following extensive studies in KwaZulu-Natal, South Africa, and Tororo, Uganda, it is ready to serve new clinics in new geographies.

| NoviGuide: Tablet-based neonatal clinical decision support         |   |
|--|---|
| Type of technology   | Decision support software   |
| Status   | Commercially Available  |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards                |   |
| Manufacturer of Record   | Global Strategies   |
| Electricity requirements, including voltage, and charging features | Mobile devices (Android, Fire and iOS). Also available as web-based application |
| Size and form factor   | Mobile devices (Android, Fire and iOS). Also available as web-based application |

| Shelf life, stability, and storage | Should be kept in a locked cabinet and charged every |
|------------------------------------|--|
| requirements                       | day or two   |
| Ex-works price of device           | Scale- and context-dependent                         |
| Ex-works price of consumables      | Scale- and context-dependent                         |

Contact Information: Global Strategies

elon.danziger@globalstrategies.org

415-451-1814

https://www.globalstrategies.org/projects/noviguide

## **ApneBoot - BEMPU Health**

Intended Use: In low-resource clinical settings where hospital staff are scarce, cases of apnea of prematurity are often missed or attended too late. The ApneBoot is intended to provide a first line of defense against prolonged hypoxia and bradycardia by providing vibrotactile stimulation to the sole of a newborn's foot to automatically resolve the apnea without further intervention. If the apnea still does not resolve, the device will continue to alarm, prompting attention from the staff.



**Key Features:** The ApneBoot continuously monitors oxygen saturation and heart rate through a sensor attached to the foot of a newborn. In the case of apnea, the device alarms and stimulates the foot sole of a newborn through a boot that is strapped on the opposite foot, triggering the nervous system to restart breathing.

| ApneBoot   |   |
|--|---|
| Type of technology   | Apnea Management Device   |
| Status   | Commercially Available  |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards                |   |
| Manufacturer of Record   | BEMPU Health  |
| Electricity requirements, including voltage, and charging features | The device runs on a rechargeable battery. The battery life is 48-60 hrs, after which it can be connected to a power source for charging, which takes 6 hours. It cannot be used while charging. Voltage: 5V & 3V |
| Size and form factor   |   |
| Shelf life, stability, and storage requirements                    | We provide a warranty of one year for the device and six months for the skin probes.  |
| Ex-works price of device   | Dependent on market.  |
| Ex-works price of consumables                                      | Dependent on market.  |

Contact Information: BEMPU Health





1800 425 0192

https://www.bempu.com/

Oxygen Reservoir Filling System - Diamedica (UK) Ltd

Intended Use: Safeguards oxygen supplies for newborns and mothers in low resource settings, where oxygen cylinders are costly, or hospital site access is difficult, and electrical supplies unreliable.



Key Features: The system is designed to safeguard oxygen supplies in low-resource settings.lt enables a pressure vessel to be filled with oxygen generated from an oxygen concentrator to provide a back up oxygen supply, in the event of power cuts. The system will take oxygen from any appropriate oxygen concentrator and fill either a 20 L or 100 L reservoir vessel to a pressure of 5 bar (75 psi) giving 100 L or 500 L of usable oxygen for supply to patients. Multiple vessels can be supplied. Aluminium vessel is mounted on castors for easy transport around the ward. An excellent solution in low resource settings, where oxygen cylinders can be costly, or hospital site access is difficult. An truly invaluable resource in the event of a power failure, this vessel stores the oxygen produced in advance ready for future use for when you most need it. Designed and manufactured in the UK, robust and built to last Key features: Reservoir Pump with oil free 12 volt compressor (rated at 10 bar) Integral cooling fans internal 12 volt sealed lead acid battery 12 volt battery charger / power supply Pressure control valve (preset at 5 bar) On/off switch, mains power lead Supply and filling tubes suitable to connect from oxygen concentrator Will accept mains power from 95 - 290 volts (50 hz - 60 Hz) Weight 13 kg Oxygen reservoir vessel Supplied in two sizes: 20 L or 100 L Over pressure safety valve (pre-set at 7 bar) Oxygen flow meter (5 lpm) Quick release supply fitting and tube Aluminium vessel mounted on castors

| Oxygen Reservoir Filling System                     |                        |
|---|------------------------|
| Type of technology                                  | Other                  |
| Status  | Commercially Available |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards |                        |

| Manufacturer of Record   | Diamedica (UK) Ltd  |
|--|---|
| Electricity requirements, including voltage, and charging features | Internal 12 volt sealed lead acid battery, with 12 volt battery charger / power supply. Pressure control valve (preset at 5 bar) On/off switch, mains power lead. Will accept mains power from 95 - 290 volts (50 hz - 60 Hz)               |
| Size and form factor   | Reservoir Filling Pump: weight 13 kg, dimensions 42 $\times$ 23 $\times$ 33 cm Reservoir Vessel 20L: weight 6 kg, dimensions 25 $\times$ 25 $\times$ 70 cm Reservoir Vessel 100L: weight 13.5 kg, dimensions 40 $\times$ 40 $\times$ 105 cm |
| Shelf life, stability, and storage requirements                    | N/A   |
| Ex-works price of device   | Oxygen Reservoir Filling system comes with 20L vessel GB £1,550 Additional 20L reservoir vessels GB £400 Oxygen Reservoir Filling system comes with 100L vessel GB £1750 Additional 100L reservoir vessels GB £600                          |
| Ex-works price of consumables                                      | No consumables  |

Contact Information: Diamedica (UK) Ltd

info@diamedica.co.uk

+44 1598 710066

www.diamedica.co.uk

MiraCradle Cooling Mattress - Draeger

Intended Use: MiraCradle® - Neonate Cooler is an affordable passive cooling device which uses the advanced savE® Phase Change Material (PCM) technology to induce therapeutic hypothermia among newborns suffering from birth asphyxia



**Key Features:** MiraCradle® – an affordable solution for developing countries CE marked neonatal cooler that enables controlled cooling of newborn infants to support therapeutic hypothermia (TH) for birth asphyxia.

Phase Change Material (PCM) maintain the temperature of the infant at 33–34°C (91.4–93.2 F) for the entire treatment duration of 72 hours, consistent with current best practices in treatment. Leveraging sophistication in material engineering, the product offers temperature specificity offered by current servo-devices less than one fifth of the cost.

SAFE Passive cooling system; does not have any electrical supply near the baby EFFICIENT Gives precise temperature control

LONG LASTING The PCMs are designed for repetitive use

EASY TO USE Minimal manual supervision required. PCMs can be charged in a normal refrigerator ECONOMICAL Less than 1/5th of the cost of the available electronic devices

| MiraCradle Cooling Mattress  |  |
|--|--|
| Type of technology   | Cooling mattress   |
| Status   | Commercially Available   |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards                | CE   |
| Manufacturer of Record   | Pluss Advanced Technologies Pvt. Ltd   |
| Electricity requirements, including voltage, and charging features | None   |
| Size and form factor   | Fits in the bassinet measuring at least 66x47 cm of a regular radiant warmer. Weight 4 kg. |

| Shelf life, stability, and storage requirements | Phase Change Materials (PCMs) PCMs are special thermal energy storage materials that store and release heat at a particular temperature. Store PCM in refrigerator. Replace PCM and Conduction Mattress after three years from the date of first use or when found damaged, whichever is earlier. |
|---|---|
| Ex-works price of device                        | Contact Draeger   |
| Ex-works price of consumables                   |   |

Contact Information: Draegerwerk AG & Co. KGaA



0049 451 8820

www.draeger.com

#### PRODUCTS IN DEVELOPMENT

The Neopenda neoGuard vital signs monitor - Neopenda PBC

Intended Use: The Neopenda neoGuard is intended for prescription use only for the continuous non-invasive monitoring of oxygen saturation, pulse rate, respiration rate and temperature. The product is designed for affordability, usability, and versatility as a standalone solution independent of facility infrastructure.



Key Features: The Neopenda neoGuard is a wearable vital signs monitor designed to enable more responsive and appropriate medical care of newborns in resource-constrained facilities. Our reusable smart headband continuously measures four critical vital signs: pulse rate, oxygen saturation, respiratory rate and temperature. Data from multiple devices are wirelessly transmitted and displayed on a central tablet in real time. Health workers are alerted when vitals go outside the healthy range, so that they can attend to newborns in distress immediately and give them the best chance to survive and thrive.

| The Neopenda neoGuard vital signs monitor                          |   |
|--|---|
| Type of technology   | 4 in 1 vital signs monitor  |
| Status   | Not Yet Commercially Available / In Development   |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards                |   |
| Manufacturer of Record   |   |
| Electricity requirements, including voltage, and charging features | The neoGuard device uses a rechargeable lithium ion battery, optimized for low power consumption. The battery is medical-certified (ICE 62133) and has an approximate run-time of 140 hours continuous use. The device is equipped with a micro-USB type B power supply compatible with 220V current.   |
| Size and form factor   | The Neopenda neoGuard device is housed in a polyetherimide medical grade plastic case with dimensions = 37.5 x 34.5 x 16 mm. The small sensor device fits into a reusable band, which is designed for comfort, stability, and cleanability. The wearable bands are adjustable for neonates from 28 week |

|   | gestational age (preterm infants) to 1-month old full-term infants.  |
|---|--|
| Shelf life, stability, and storage requirements | Device should be stored in a clean, dry place, at room temperature. Recommended environment: temperature 25±5°C; humidity 60±15%. During transportation, the device will be packaged in a sealed container which may be retained for storage. Shipping conditions shall not exceed 60°C. |
| Ex-works price of device                        |  |
| Ex-works price of consumables                   |  |

Contact Information: Sona Shah

sona@neopenda.com



919-622-2487

www.neopenda.com

Bili-ruler - Little Sparrows Technologies
Intended Use: Screening tool for neonatal

jaundice



Key Features: Semi-quantitative, low cost POC neonatal jaundice screening tool

| Bili-ruler   |   |
|--|---|
| Type of technology   | Bilirubin screening tool                        |
| Status   | Not Yet Commercially Available / In Development |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards                | FDA, CE (pending)                               |
| Manufacturer of Record   | Little Sparrows Technologies                    |
| Electricity requirements, including voltage, and charging features | No electricity requirements                     |
| Size and form factor   | Approx. 6.5" x I"                               |
| Shelf life, stability, and storage requirements                    | TBD   |
| Ex-works price of device   | TBD   |
| Ex-works price of consumables                                      | n/a   |

### **Contact Information:**

info@littlesparrowstech.com

781-725-2460

www.littlesparrowstech.com

## **OAE** hearing screening for newborns - Solar Ear

Intended Use: The sooner you can detect a hearing loss in a newborn and get her the required amplification, the sooner she will learn to hear, be able to develop speech and have the opportunity to go to a public school. There are very few schools for the deaf in developing countries. It is only through education can you break the cycle of poverty. Also, studies have shown that the price of inclusion of a person with a disability is far lower the cost of exclusion to the local and national government and society.



**Key Features:** Few hospitals, clinics in developing countries have the equipment nor qualified professionals to test a new born's hearing. We developed the first hearing test using the standard OAE protocol but can be done on an Android cell phone.

| OAE hearing screening for newborns                                 |   |
|--|---|
| Type of technology   | Hearing test  |
| Status   | Not Yet Commercially Available / In Development                       |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards                | Meet all regulations depending on country                             |
| Manufacturer of Record   | Solar Ear   |
| Electricity requirements, including voltage, and charging features | Charge as cell phone  |
| Size and form factor   | Size of an Android phone and I cable connection I meter and 2 earbuds |
| Shelf life, stability, and storage requirements                    | Life of a Cell phone  |
| Ex-works price of device   | \$99.00 USD   |
| Ex-works price of consumables                                      | \$1.50  |

Contact Information: Solar Ear

howard@solarear.org
www.solarear.org

### The NeoTree - NeoTree

Intended Use: The NeoTree is intended to improve quality of newborn care through reliable data collection, clinical decision support and improved documentation; promoting a culture of continuous quality improvement amongst newborn health care workers.



**Key Features:** The NeoTree is a mobile health application for newborn health care workers to use on a low-cost tablet device at the bedside to admit and discharge sick and vulnerable newborns. While capturing vital data at admission and discharge it provides an interactive platform for clinical decision support and quality improvement according to national guidelines and best available evidence. Key features include immediate data collection, integrated newborn education and feedback of data collected by healthcare workers to a user friendly data dashboard in the local neonatal department displaying summary statistics for key newborn outcomes.

| The NeoTree  |  |
|--|--|
| Type of technology   | Open source software platform  |
| Status   | Not Yet Commercially Available / In Development  |
| Regulatory approvals and/or international standards                |  |
| Manufacturer of Record   |  |
| Electricity requirements, including voltage, and charging features | A standard electricity supply is needed for the printer, the wifi router and to charge the tablet devices. Tablet devices have up to 7 hours battery life.   |
| Size and form factor   | Compatable with any Android device of any size.  |
| Shelf life, stability, and storage requirements                    | The NeoTree software platform requires one or more tablet devices for use on the ward, and a secure server running Linux to support the backend. Software is maintained by our software development team with regular updates. |

| Ex-works price of device      | Price of the NeoTree system hardware per facility is approximately \$500, for a 2 tablet system (tablets cost \$100 and required number is dependent on the patient numbers). Current estimate is approximately one tablet for every 50 patients per month. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Ex-works price of consumables | The price of consumables for the NeoTree per month per facility is approximately \$115.   |

Contact Information: Tim Hull-Bailey

(M)

Neotreeapp@gmail.com

+ 447400382834

www.neotree.org

## **PARTICIPANTS**

3rd Stone Design BEMPU Health Bilimetrix s.r.l.

Diamedica (UK) Ltd

Draeger

General Electric Healthcare

Global Strategies

JAEA MEDICAL SUPPLIES LIMITED

Laerdal Global Health

Little Sparrows Technologies

Masimo Corporation

Medical Technology Transfer and Services Co., Ltd (MTTS)

Neopenda PBC

NeoTree

Phoenix Medical Systems Pvt Ltd

Rice 360 Institute for Global Health

Solar Ear

UTECH CO.,LTD.

Vayu Global Health Innovations

Thank you to the organizations above for their participation. If you are a manufacturer or product developer and wish to include your technology in future versions of this manual, please contact Becca Kirby at <a href="mailto:becca.kirby@kellogg.northwestern.edu">becca.kirby@kellogg.northwestern.edu</a>.

## REFERENCES

https://www.everypreemie.org/wp-content/uploads/2017/07/Oxygen 7.6.17.pdf

<sup>&</sup>quot;Children: Reducing Mortality." World Health Organization, World Health Organization, 19 Sept. 2018, https://www.who.int/news-room/fact-sheets/detail/children-reducing-mortality.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Delivery Care." UNICEF DATA, Apr. 2019, https://data.unicef.org/topic/maternal-health/delivery-care/.

<sup>&</sup>quot;"Neonatal Mortality." World Health Organization, World Health Organization, 19 Oct. 2017, https://www.who.int/gho/child health/mortality/neonatal text/en/.

<sup>&</sup>quot;The Sustainable Development Agenda - United Nations Sustainable Development." *United Nations*, United Nations, <a href="https://www.un.org/sustainabledevelopment/development-agenda/">https://www.un.org/sustainabledevelopment/development-agenda/</a>.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Neonatal Mortality." World Health Organization, World Health Organization, 19 Oct. 2017, <a href="https://www.who.int/gho/child\_health/mortality/neonatal\_text/en/">https://www.who.int/gho/child\_health/mortality/neonatal\_text/en/</a>.

vi "Children: Reducing Mortality." World Health Organization, World Health Organization, 19 Sept. 2018, https://www.who.int/news-room/fact-sheets/detail/children-reducing-mortality.

vii "Newborns: Reducing Mortality." World Health Organization, World Health Organization, 2018, https://www.who.int/news-room/fact-sheets/detail/newborns-reducing-mortality.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Oxygen therapy for children." Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization, 2016, Print, <a href="https://www.who.int/maternal\_child\_adolescent/documents/child-oxygen-therapy/en/">https://www.who.int/maternal\_child\_adolescent/documents/child-oxygen-therapy/en/</a>.

Mulrooney N, Champion Z, Moss TJ, Nitsos I, Ikegami M, Jobe AH. Surfactant and physiologic responses of preterm lambs to continuous positive airway pressure. *Am J Respir Crit Care Med*, 2005; 171: 488–493.

<sup>\*</sup> Subramaniam, P., Ho, J. J. & Davis, P. G. Prophylactic nasal continuous positive airway pressure for preventing morbidity and mortality in very preterm infants. *Cochrane Database Syst. Rev.* (2016). doi:10.1002/14651858.CD001243.pub3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>xi</sup> Ho, J. J., Subramaniam, P. & Davis, P. G. Continuous distending pressure for respiratory distress in preterm infants. *Cochrane Database Syst. Rev.* (2015). doi:10.1002/14651858.CD002271.pub2

xii Sekar, K. C. & Corff, K. E. To tube or not to tube babies with respiratory distress syndrome. *J. Perinatol.* **29**, S68–S72 (2009).

Kawaza, K. et al. Efficacy of a Low-Cost Bubble CPAP System in Treatment of Respiratory Distress in a Neonatal Ward in Malawi. PLoS ONE 9, e86327 (2014).

xiv Koyamaibole, L. An Evaluation of Bubble-CPAP in a Neonatal Unit in a Developing Country: Effective Respiratory Support That Can Be Applied By Nurses. *J. Trop. Pediatr.* **52**, 249–253 (2005).

<sup>\*\* &</sup>quot;WHO recommendations on interventions to improve preterm birth outcomes." Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization, Nov 2015, Print, <a href="https://www.who.int/reproductivehealth/publications/maternal\_perinatal\_health/preterm-birth-guideline/en/">https://www.who.int/reproductivehealth/publications/maternal\_perinatal\_health/preterm-birth-guideline/en/</a>.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Safe and Effective Oxygen Use for Inpatient Care of Newborns." Every Preemie-SCALE, 2017,

<sup>\*</sup>vii "Oxygen therapy for children." Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization, 2016, Print, https://www.who.int/maternal\_child\_adolescent/documents/child-oxygen-therapy/en/

wiii "WHO recommendations on interventions to improve preterm birth outcomes." Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization, Nov 2015, Print, <a href="https://www.who.int/reproductivehealth/publications/maternal\_perinatal\_health/preterm-birth-guideline/en/">https://www.who.int/reproductivehealth/publications/maternal\_perinatal\_health/preterm-birth-guideline/en/</a>

xix "Safe and Effective Oxygen Use for Inpatient Care of Newborns." Every Preemie-SCALE, 2017, https://www.everypreemie.org/wp-content/uploads/2017/07/Oxygen 7.6.17.pdf

- \*\* "Oxygen therapy for children." Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization, 2016, Print, https://www.who.int/maternal\_child\_adolescent/documents/child-oxygen-therapy/en/
- xxi Gilbert, C. et al. Epidemiology of ROP update Africa is the new frontier. Semin. Perinatol. (2019). doi:10.1053/j.semperi.2019.05.002
- Elencowe, H., Lawn, J. E., Vazquez, T., Fielder, A. & Gilbert, C. Preterm-associated visual impairment and estimates of retinopathy of prematurity at regional and global levels for 2010. *Pediatr. Res.* **74**, 35–49 (2013).

- xxiii Benaron, D. A. Maximizing the Stability of Oxygen Delivered Via Nasal Cannula. *Arch. Pediatr. Adolesc. Med.* **148**, 294 (1994).
- xxiv Zhao J, Gonzalez F, Mu D. Apnea of prematurity: from cause to treatment. *Eur J Pediatr*. 2011. September; 170(9):1097–105.
- Kumar, P., Chawla, D. & Deorari, A. Light-emitting diode phototherapy for unconjugated hyperbilirubinaemia in neonates. *Cochrane Database Syst. Rev.* CD007969 (2011). doi:10.1002/14651858.CD007969.pub2
- xxvi Morris, B. H. et al. Efficacy of phototherapy devices and outcomes among extremely low birth weight infants: multicenter observational study. J. Perinatol. Off. J. Calif. Perinat. Assoc. 33, 126–133 (2013).
- <sup>xxvii</sup> Eggert, P., Stick, C. & Schröder, H. On the distribution of irradiation intensity in phototherapy. Measurements of effective irradiance in an incubator. *Eur. J. Pediatr.* **142**, 58–61 (1984).
- <sup>xxviii</sup> Lunze K, Bloom DE, Jamison DT, Hamer DH. The global burden of neonatal hypothermia: systematic review of a major challenge for newborn survival. *BMC Med* 2013; 11-24.
- Perlman, J. M. et al. Part 7: Neonatal Resuscitation: 2015 International Consensus on Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation and Emergency Cardiovascular Care Science With Treatment Recommendations (Reprint). *PEDIATRICS* 136, S120–S166 (2015).
- xxx Althabe, Fernando, et al. Born Too Soon: The Global Action Report on Preterm Birth, World Health Organization. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization, 2012. Print.
- https://www.who.int/pmnch/media/news/2012/201204\_borntoosoon-report.pdf
- \*\*\*\* "Infusion Pumps." U.S. Food and Drug Administration, FDA, <a href="https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/general-hospital-devices-and-supplies/infusion-pumps">https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/general-hospital-devices-and-supplies/infusion-pumps</a>.
- wwwii WHO Recommendations on newborn health: guidelines approved by the WHO Guidelines Review Committee. Geneva: World Health Organization; 2017 (WHO/MCA/17.07). Licence: CC BY-NE-SA 3.0 IGO.
- wxxiii World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Recommendations on Antenatal Care for a Positive Pregnancy Experience. Geneva: WHO; 2016. <a href="https://apps.who.int/iris/bitstream/handle/10665/250796/9789241549912-eng.pdf?sequence=1">https://apps.who.int/iris/bitstream/handle/10665/250796/9789241549912-eng.pdf?sequence=1</a> xxxiv "Management of Newborn Infections During Inpatient Care." Every Preemie-SCALE, 2017,
- https://www.everypreemie.org/wp-content/uploads/2019/07/DNH\_TechBrief\_MgmtNewbornInfection\_7.15.19.pdf

  \*\*\*\*\* Wagner TA, Gravett CA, Healy S, et al. Emerging biomarkers for the diagnosis of severe neonatal infections applicable to low-resource settings. *J Glob Health.* 2011;1(2):210-223. <a href="http://www.jogh.org/documents/issue201102/-JGH2-10">http://www.jogh.org/documents/issue201102/-JGH2-10</a> A5 Wagner.pdf